

National Accounts Estimates for 2017

The Central Administration for Statistics (CAS) releases in this document the Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Gross National Income (GNI) and Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI) estimates for 2017.

Highlights:

Real GDP growth rate is 0.6% in 2017, slower than in 2016 when it was 1.6%.

GDP growth in 2017 is mainly driven by the increased households' final consumption spending (contribution by +3.6 percentage points), which has led to an increase in imports of goods (contribution by -2.8 pp), following the surge in demand, in an economy largely open to imports.

GDP at current market prices is estimated at 80.5 trillion of Lebanese Pounds (LBP) or 53.4 billion of US dollars (USD).

Gross National Income (GNI) is 80.4 trillion LBP in 2017. According to balance of payments estimates, net income from abroad is still negative, but has increased from -1.2 trillion LBP in 2016 to -60 billion LBP in 2017.

Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI) reaches 82.3 trillion LBP. The GNDI exceeds GDP in 2017. The reason for this is that the GNDI includes net transfers from abroad, mainly remittances from Lebanese expatriates. Remarkably, net transfers from abroad have dropped from 3.7 trillion LBP in 2016 to 1.8 trillion LBP in 2017.

Inflation in the domestic economy, measured by the GDP deflator, stands at 3.6% in 2017 compared to 0.9% in 2016.

BOX 1: DEFINITIONS

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of the goods and services produced by the nation's economy less the value of the goods and services used up in production (known as 'the Production approach' to measurement). GDP is also equal to the sum of final consumption expenditures (households and government), gross fixed capital formation (private and public) and net exports (Exports minus Imports) of goods and services, (known as the 'Expenditure approach' to measurement).

Basically, GDP measures the value added of all resident producers - as such, it is also equal to the sum of the primary incomes (compensation of employees and property income such as interest, dividends and other...) that accrue to units as a consequence of their, direct and indirect, involvement in production. CAS uses the production approach to calculate the GDP.

BOX 1: DEFINITIONS– continued

GNI is a more specific concept of income, since it adds to the value of GDP, the primary incomes receivable from non-resident units, while primary incomes payable to non-resident units are deducted.

The Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI) represents a step further in the distribution of income. It is equal to GNI less current transfers (remittances and other transfers) payable to non-resident units, plus the corresponding transfers receivable by resident units from the rest of the world. Gross National Disposable Income measures the income available to the total economy for final consumption and gross saving.

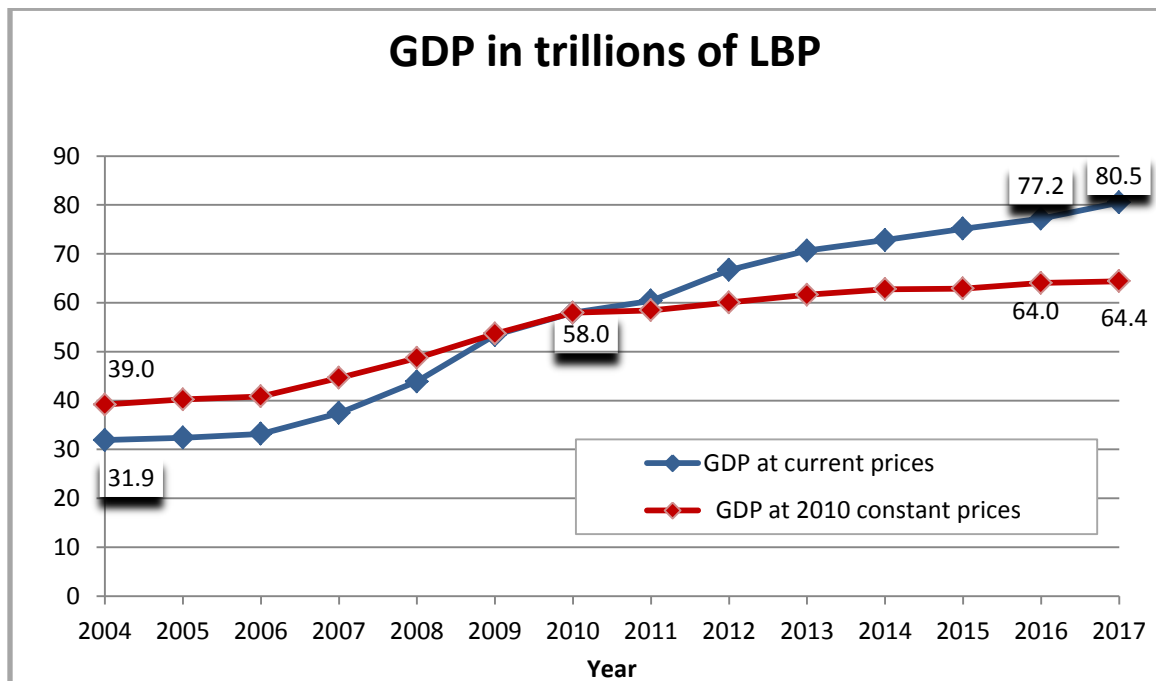
The figures for primary incomes and current transfers with the rest of the world are derived from the Balance of Payments issued by Banque du Liban.

The rest of this document summarizes the main features of the estimates, set out in detail in the tables attached. As with National Accounts throughout the world, the estimates are subject to revision as more information becomes available and as methods improve.

Main aggregates (Tables 1)

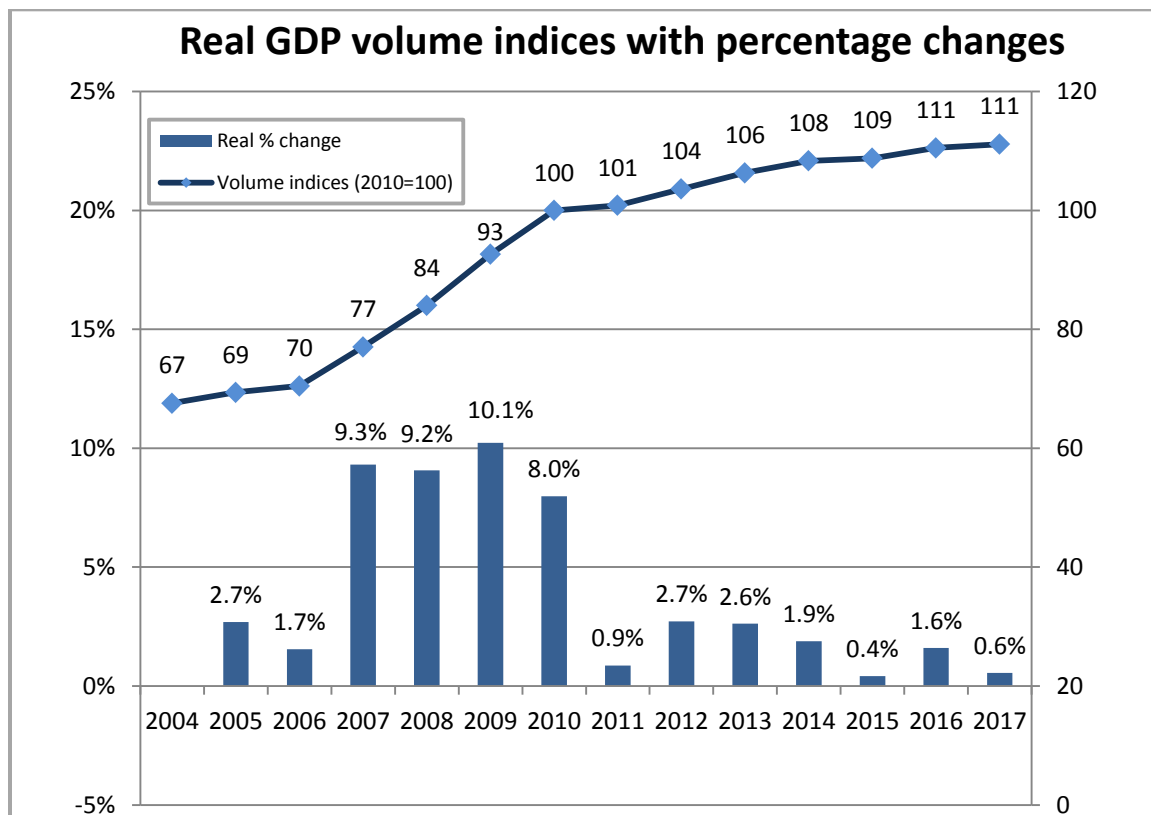
The values of GDP in both current market value and constant 2010 prices (real terms) are provided in chart 1.

Chart 1



A strong performance characterized the Lebanese economy, between 2007 and 2010, reflected by significant growth rates (between 8% and 10.1%). GDP growth slowed in 2011, but was still positive (0.9%). It increased to 2.7% and 2.6% respectively in 2012 and 2013. Real growth slowed again during 2014 (1.9%), then fell in 2015 to 0.4%, its lowest in a decade. A rebound characterized 2016 with a growth rate of 1.6%, which decreases to 0.6% in 2017. GDP volume in 2017 is 11% higher than it was in 2010. The annual percentage changes are shown in chart 2.

Chart 2

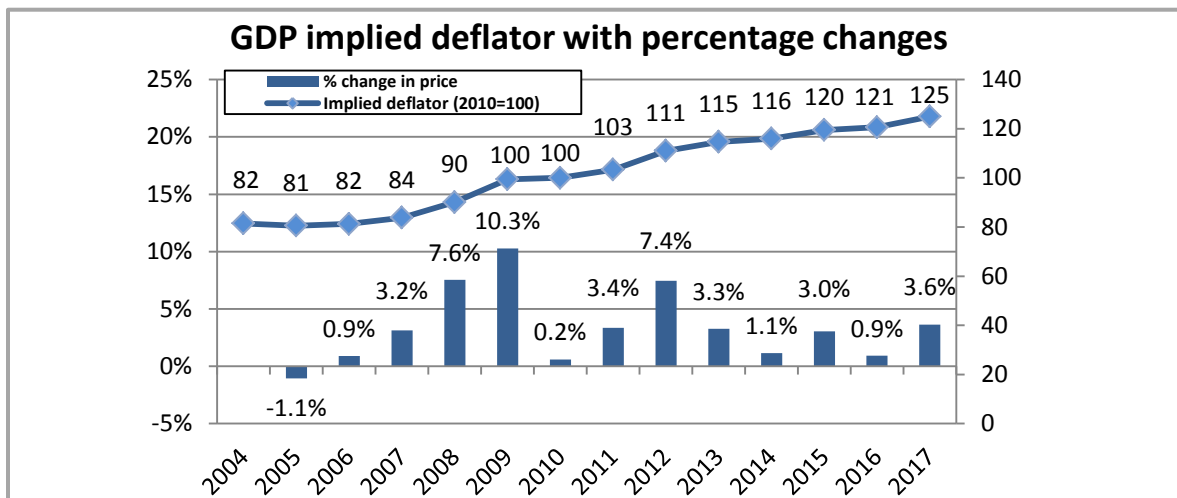


BOX 2: INFORMAL AND UNRECORDED ACTIVITY

In Lebanon, as in many countries, some activities are carried out by the “informal sector” and some other economic activities are also difficult to measure routinely, if at all. However, allowances have been included in the official estimates presented here (amounting to around 30% of recorded output) to cover the value of such activity, although by definition the level remains uncertain.

Inflation, as measured by the GDP deflator, rises from 0.9% in 2016 to 3.6% in 2017.

Chart 3



BOX 3: PRICES OF THE GDP and PRICES OF ITS COMPONENTS

The GDP deflator is an indicator of price inflation within the domestic economy as a whole. It is what is known as an implicit deflator. It is calculated by comparing GDP at current market prices with GDP in volume terms, rather than being directly measured like consumer prices. In 2017, the GDP implicit deflator increases by 3.6%. The implicit deflators of the expenditure components of the GDP show the following changes:

- Final consumption expenditure 4.2%
- Gross capital formation -1.1%
- Exports 1.7%
- Imports 2.0%
- GDP 3.6%

The relationship between the deflators is best understood by considering inflation in the total supply of goods and services and in their use. Inflation in the supply is a weighted average of the last two variables above (imports and GDP), while inflation in the use is a weighted average of the first three.

The GDP deflator specifically excludes imported price changes, which may in fact have a contrary effect on domestically generated inflation. In 2016, the price of imports decreased markedly but this was offset to a large extent by an increase in the implied GDP deflator. Changes in the final consumption expenditure deflator may be expected to be close to the changes in the average CPI for 2017 compared with that for 2016. However, differences may arise for several reasons. First, final consumption expenditure is measured indirectly as a residual in the Lebanese national accounts. Many assumptions are made in its compilation. Secondly, some of the price information used may not be wholly compatible with that from the CPI. Thirdly, the CPI is compiled using fixed expenditures on a basket of goods and services, as measured in the Household Budget Survey in 2011. Thus the information and compilation procedures are completely different.

Expenditure components of gross domestic product (Tables 2)

From the expenditure point of view, GDP is equal to the sum of final consumption expenditures (households and government), gross fixed capital formation (private and public) and net exports (Exports minus Imports) of goods and services.

Assessing Lebanon's GDP through this perspective reveals the Lebanese economy's substantial reliance on consumption, which represents 105% of the GDP. The total expenditure is made of the following components, as a % of total GDP:

Households' final consumption			91.9%
Government consumption			13.1%
Gross fixed capital formation	Private GFCF	17.9%	19.4%
	Public GFCF	1.5%	
Exports	Exports of services	16.3%	23.9%
	Exports of goods	7.5%	
Imports	Imports of goods	36.7%	48.6%
	Imports of services	11.9%	

Final consumption volume is 4% higher than in 2016. However, its impact on GDP growth has to be balanced against the increase in imports (+6% in volume), which include an important content in products intended for final consumption.

Gross fixed capital formation remains the same in volume terms during 2017. Noticeably, public fixed capital formation has seen a decrease of 21%, after an 85% and 35% real growth respectively in 2016 and 2015.

As for the private fixed capital formation, it grows modestly by 3%.

In 2017, imports of goods increase in volume by 8%. On the other side, exports of goods advance by 3%, while exports of services drop by 6%. The trade balance deficit widens to reach -25% of the GDP.

It is also useful to consider the contribution of each expenditure component to the GDP growth, by which the growth rate of that component is weighted by its share among the total of the components, so that the contributions, measured in percentage points (pp) sum up to the growth of total GDP.

The results are the following ones for 2017:

Households' final consumption	3.6 pp
Government consumption	0.8 pp
Gross capital formation	0.0 pp
Exports of goods and services	-0.8 pp
Imports of goods and services	-3.0 pp
Total GDP	0.6 pp

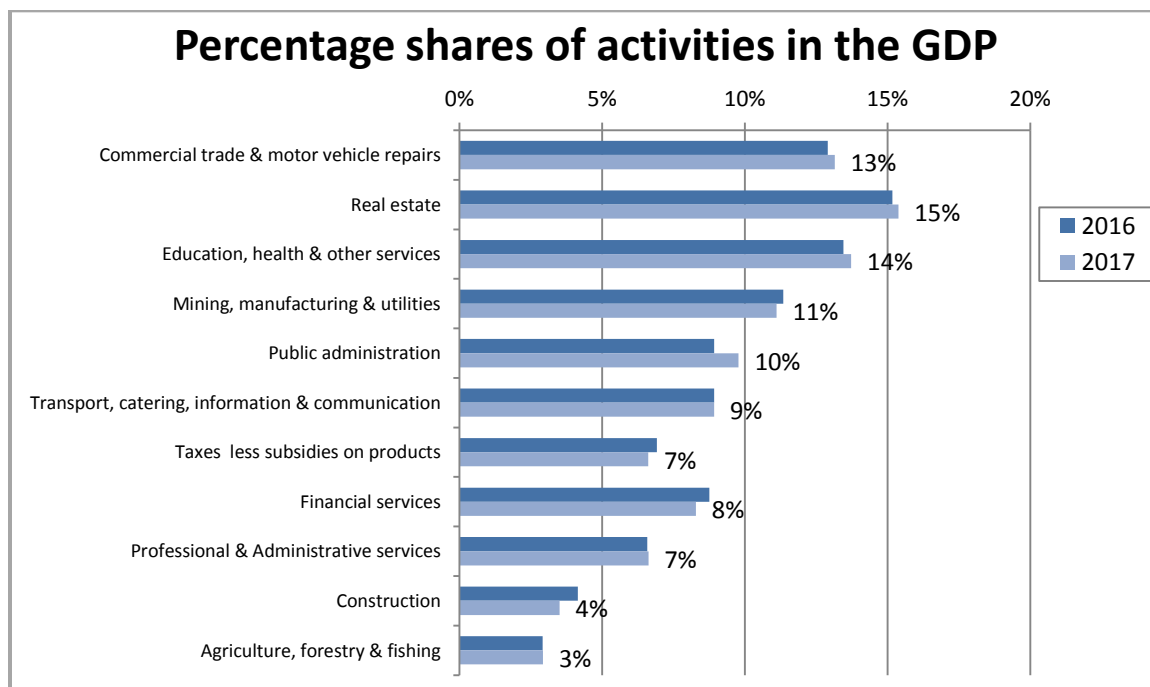
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by kind of activity (Tables 3)

Structure of economic activity

Chart 4 shows the structure of economic activity in 2016 and 2017, presenting the percentage shares of activities in GDP. The main features are:

- Real estate sector, including housing services of owner- occupied dwellings, housing services for rented dwellings and other real estate activities, accounts for 15% of GDP.
- Education, health and other services constitute 14% of GDP.
- Moreover, commercial trade and motor vehicle repairs account for 13%.
- Mining, manufacturing and utilities account for 11%.
- Public administration accounts for 10%.
- Furthermore, transport, catering, information & communication account for 9%.
- Financial services represent 8% of GDP.
- And, agriculture, forestry and fishing represent a 3% of GDP.

Chart 4



As is to be expected, Chart 4 shows that all sectors shares were approximately the same in 2017 as they were in 2016.

Growth rate of economic activity

From the supply side, the main sectors that influence GDP growth in 2017 are highlighted below.

Primarily, economic activity growth is noticed in three sectors: personal and community services, hotels and restaurants, and agriculture. Conversely, three sectors of production, namely financial services, water supply and waste management, and construction, witness decline in value added at constant prices.

In fact, the volume of **personal and community services**, affected by the increase in the number of domestic workers coming to Lebanon, rises by 17%.

Furthermore, **hotels and restaurants** added value has inched up by 9% during 2017. Also, **agriculture and forestry sector** registers a 15% increase in volume.

It should be noted that **transport** sector has recorded a continuous volume expansion for many years.

Conversely, a number of economic activities fail to end 2017 without posting downturns.

Financial services sector has recorded a positive trend since 2005. This reflects the robustness of the Lebanese banking sector. The beginning of the Syrian conflict caused a slight deceleration, in 2011, followed by a quick upturn, even if at a slower pace, between 2012 and 2014. After that period, this sector recuperated its dynamism, reaching high growth rates, of respectively 10% and 18% in 2015 and 2016, similar to the 2005-2010 period. Suddenly, the value added of this sector plunges by 6% during 2017.

In addition, **Water supply and waste management** sector ends 2017 with a 15% lower added value, following an 11% increase in 2016. As for **construction**, its volume drops by 4%.

On the down side, the majority of **manufacturing industries** have registered a decrease in their activities since 2014. That has been accompanied by a price increase.

Concerning **public administration** sector, its related price index is extended by 13% in 2017. This is caused by the public sector pay rise, after the ratification of the salary scale law by the parliament. The increase in civil servants' wages is accounted as an increase in price, offset by an increase in working hours.

BOX 4: GVA AND TAXES LESS SUBSIDIES ON PRODUCTS

Gross Value Added is the value of output sold at “basic” prices less the cost of inputs used in production of the outputs. Basic prices are the prices received by producers **excluding** VAT and other taxes payable on their products but **including** subsidies received.

Taxes on products include VAT, import and excise duties. Also, according to national accounting conventions, they include the profits of public enterprises when the prices are set at a level designed to generate revenue for the government. In Lebanon, this is the case for telecommunications.

Subsidies, on the other hand, include losses incurred by public enterprises when prices are set well below the level required to cover costs. In Lebanon this is the case for the Electricité du Liban.

GDP is equal to GVA at basic prices *plus* taxes *less* subsidies on products. Further details are provided in the methodological paper available on CAS website.

BOX 5: QUALITY NOTE

Established criteria for assessing the quality of statistics are: accuracy, coherence, relevance, accessibility and clarity, comparability, and timeliness.

All statistics are subject to uncertainty; the estimates can only be approximations to the true values. This is particularly true of the National Accounts. Because they depend on many sources and assumptions, in the case of national accounts there is no objective measure of accuracy and range of uncertainty. Unlike single statistics derived from sample surveys, error margins cannot be calculated.

Coherence between the various components is another key requirement for National Accounts estimates. The main way in which coherence is achieved is through reconciling the different ways of measuring GDP through supply and use analysis.

However, the construction of benchmark estimates for 2011 generated significant improvements in both accuracy and coherence. However, it is generally accepted that, the further away annual estimates of GDP are from the benchmark year, the more uncertain they become. Regular updating of the benchmark, say every five years is therefore considered good practice, indeed essential. This depends on having high quality information on household expenditures. Such a survey is now overdue.

On the other hand, aggregated data from the 40,000 quarterly VAT returns, which have been adjusted for the increasing coverage of the VAT system, represent a high quality source of trends in business turnover, used to extrapolate the benchmark.

BOX5: QUALITY NOTE -continued

The published estimates are thus subject to a wide range of uncertainty, although perhaps no more so than in many comparable countries. Percentage change figures in the text of the release are rounded to the nearest 0.1% but cannot be considered as accurate to this degree. The estimates in the tables, especially the more detailed ones, should be considered as impressionistic rather than of an accuracy normally expected in accounts. Users should be wary of over-analyzing the figures. The uncertainty derives partly from the absence of important regular surveys such as of producer prices, and detailed data on the costs of production, consumer spending, employment, visitors' expenditure and other transactions with the rest of the world, as well as from the existence of unrecorded activity (Box 2) and the assumptions that are made.

Relevance, accessibility and clarity can to some extent be assessed from users' feedback. Relevance is in part a question of whether the estimates adequately meet users' needs. The user consultation undertaken in December 2010 indicates that users attach great importance to the accounts and would like greater articulation of certain components, for example industrial activity, than is currently possible given the available data. Nevertheless, thirty different types of activity are shown in the tables, in line with the new International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC Rev.4), which better reflects the structure of modern economies, thereby improving relevance. In the consultation, users also asked for greater transparency and clarity, particularly about sources and methods used. The technical paper "National Accounts Data sources & compilation methods" published on CAS's website is designed to meet this need.

There is considerable scope for an improvement in timeliness of the estimates. CAS is currently working on this aspect with the help of funding from the European Union. A majority of the required data is available in good time, but there are some important exceptions. Methods are being devised to fill the gaps temporarily, so that provisional estimates of GDP can be made available much earlier. Of course, the first estimates will be revised when the missing data are provided. Revisions are inevitable as new data become available later, as improved methods are introduced, and when a new benchmark is compiled.

Sector accounts (Tables 4)

Given the limited amount of data on incomes it is not possible to produce a full set of sector accounts. In particular it is not possible to produce accounts for the households and non-financial corporate sectors. The tables include sector accounts for the banks and for general government.

تقديرات الحسابات القومية لعام 2017 - ملخص النتائج

تنشر إدارة الإحصاء المركزي، في هذا التقرير، الناتج المحلي الإجمالي (GDP)، الدخل القومي الإجمالي (GNI) والدخل القومي الإجمالي المتاح (GNDI) لعام 2017.

سجل الناتج المحلي الإجمالي لعام 2017 نموًا إيجابيًا وقدره 0.6% (Real GDP Growth). هذا المعدل يشكل إنخفاضًا عن العام 2016، الذي اتسم بمعدل نمو 1.6%.

كان نمو الناتج المحلي الإجمالي في عام 2017 مدفوعًا بشكل رئيسي بزيادة الإنفاق الاستهلاكي النهائي للأسر (المساهمة في معدل النمو ب +3.6 نقطة مئوية)، مما أدى إلى زيادة في إستيراد السلع (مساهمة ب -2.8%)، بسبب ارتفاع الطلب، في إقتصاد يعتمد إلى حد كبير على الإستيراد من الخارج.

يقدر الناتج المحلي الإجمالي بأسعار السوق الحالية بنحو 80.5 تريليون ليرة لبنانية أو 53.4 مليار دولار أمريكي.

أما بالنسبة للدخل القومي الإجمالي (GNI)، فقد سجل 80.4 تريليون ليرة لبنانية في العام 2017. وبحسب تقديرات ميزان المدفوعات، لا يزال صافي الدخل الخارجي سلبياً، لكنه ارتفع من -1.2 تريليون ليرة في عام 2016 إلى -60 مليار ليرة لبنانية في عام 2017.

كما قدر الدخل القومي الإجمالي المتاح (GNDI) بنحو 82.3 تريليون ليرة في عام 2017.

يتجاوز الدخل القومي الإجمالي المتاح (GNDI) الناتج المحلي الإجمالي (GDP) في عام 2017. يعود ذلك إلى أن الدخل القومي الإجمالي المتاح يشمل التحويلات الصافية من الخارج، وخاصة التحويلات المالية المرسلّة من المغتربين اللبنانيين. والجدير بالذكر أن صافي التحويلات من الخارج قد انخفض من 3.7 تريليون ليرة خلال عام 2016 إلى 1.8 تريليون ليرة خلال عام 2017.

إضافة إلى ذلك، ارتفع معدل التضخم في الإقتصاد المحلي، والذي يتم قياسه بواسطة مخفّض الناتج المحلي الإجمالي (GDP Deflator)، من 0.9% في عام 2016 إلى 3.6% في عام 2017.

مفاهيم وتعريفات:

يساوي الناتج المحلي الإجمالي (GDP) قيمة السلع والخدمات المنتجة في اقتصاد الدولة ناقص قيمة جميع السلع والخدمات المستخدمة في عمليات الإنتاج، أي الاستهلاك الوسيط (الطريقة المعروفة باسم "نهج الإنتاج" للقياس). كما انه يساوي مجموع نفقات استهلاك الأسر والاستهلاك الحكومي، وتكوين رأس المال الخاص والحكومي الإجمالي، وصافي صادرات السلع والخدمات، (الطريقة المعروفة باسم "نهج الإنفاق النهائي" للقياس).

بشكل أساسي، يقيس الناتج المحلي الإجمالي القيمة المضافة لجميع المنتجين المقيمين - على هذا النحو ، فإنه يساوي أيضًا مجموع الدخل الأولي (تعويضات العاملين ودخل الملكية مثل الفائدة، أرباح الأسهم وغيرها ...) التي تعود إلى الوحدات نتيجة مشاركتها المباشرة وغير المباشرة في الإنتاج.

تستخدم إدارة الإحصاء المركزي "نهج الإنتاج" لتقدير الناتج المحلي الإجمالي.

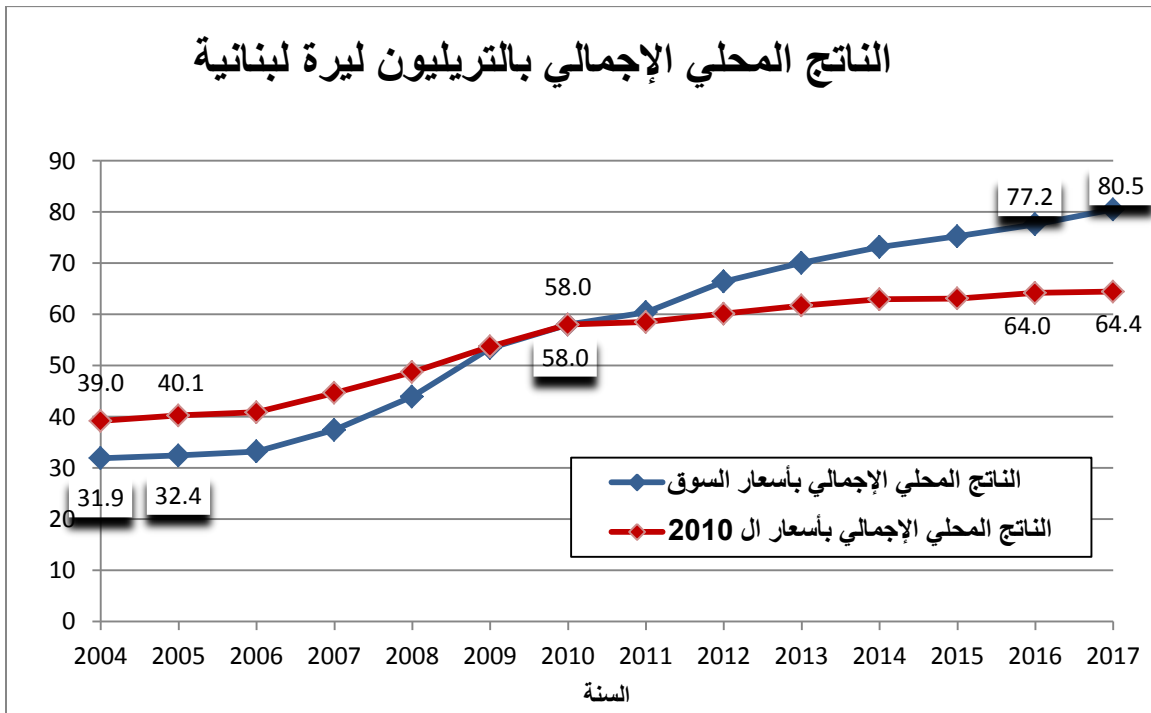
يعتبر الدخل القومي الإجمالي (GNI) مفهومًا أكثر تحديدًا للدخل ، لأنه يضيف إلى قيمة الناتج المحلي الإجمالي، الدخل الأولي المكتسب من الوحدات غير المقيمة، ويخصم منه الدخل الأولي المستحق للوحدات غير المقيمة.

يمثل الدخل القومي الإجمالي المتاح (GNDI) خطوة إضافية في توزيع الدخل. وهو يساوي الدخل القومي الإجمالي ناقص التحويلات الجارية المستحقة للوحدات غير المقيمة، بالإضافة إلى التحويلات المقابلة المستحقة للوحدات المقيمة من بقية العالم. الدخل القومي الإجمالي المتاح يقيس الدخل المتاح في الإقتصاد للاستهلاك النهائي والإدخار الإجمالي.

إن أرقام الدخل الأولي والتحويلات الجارية مع بقية العالم مستمدة من ميزان المدفوعات الصادر عن مصرف لبنان.

في ما يلي نعرض لكم أبرز المؤشرات، موضحةً من خلال بعض الرسوم البيانية:
يعرض الرسم البياني رقم 1 قيمة الناتج المحلي الإجمالي بأسعار السوق الجارية وبالسعر الثابت لعام 2010.

رسم بياني رقم 1

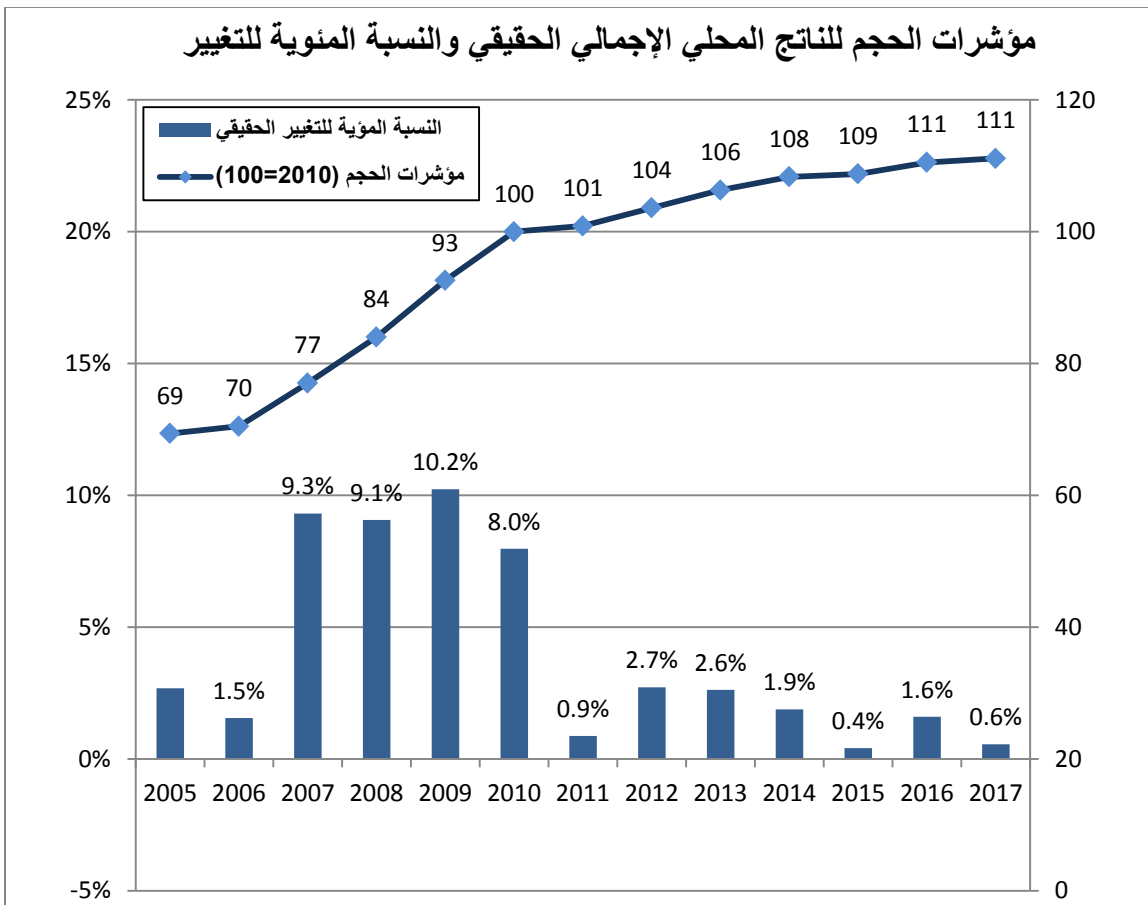


تميز الاقتصاد اللبناني بين عامي 2007 و 2010 بمعدلات نمو كبيرة (بين 8% و 10.1%). في عام 2011، تباطأ نمو الناتج المحلي الإجمالي، لكنه كان لا يزال إيجابياً (0.9%). ارتفع إلى 2.7% و 2.6% على التوالي في عام 2012 وعام 2013. سجل النمو الحقيقي خلال عام 2014 نسبة 1.9%، ثم انخفض في عام 2015 إلى 0.4%، وهو أدنى مستوى له خلال عقد من الزمن. بعض الانتعاش ميز العام 2016 بمعدل نمو قدره 1.6%، وانخفض هذا النمو إلى 0.6% في عام 2017.

إن حجم الناتج المحلي الإجمالي في 2017 يفوق ما كان عليه في العام 2010 بـ 11%.

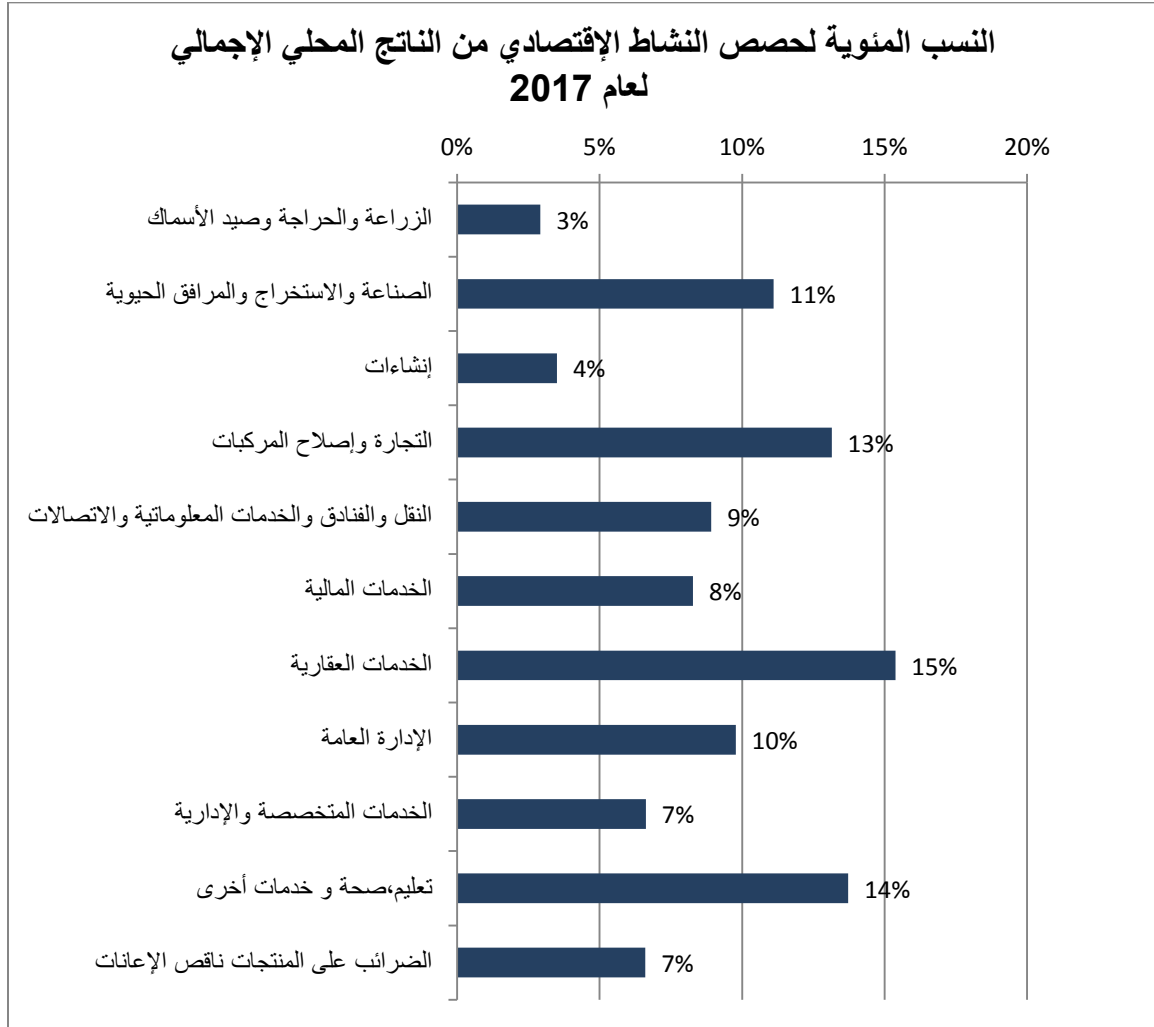
يعرض الرسم البياني رقم 2 مؤشرات الحجم للناتج المحلي الإجمالي والنسبة المئوية للتغيير.

رسم بياني رقم 2



يعرض الرسم البياني رقم 3 النسب المئوية لحصص النشاط الاقتصادي من الناتج المحلي الإجمالي لعام 2017.

رسم بياني رقم 3



Tables

List of tables

Table 1: Summary of main aggregates

- 1.1 Gross domestic product (GDP) at current and constant prices; GDP deflator; GNI and GNDI at current prices
- 1.2 Gross domestic product (GDP); Expenditure components
- 1.3 Gross domestic product (GDP) by activity

Table 2: Expenditure components of gross domestic product (2017)

- 2.1a At current prices billions LBP
- 2.1b Percentage shares of GDP at current prices
- 2.2a Volume indices (chain-linked, 2010 = 100)
- 2.2b Volume indices percentage changes on previous year
- 2.3a At constant prices of 2010 (chain-linked) billions LBP
- 2.3b Contributions to the changes in GDP
- 2.4a Implied deflators (chain-linked, 2010 = 100)
- 2.4b Implied deflators percentage changes on previous year
- 2.5 At previous year's prices (Billions LBP)

Table 3: Gross domestic product by activity (2017)

- 3.1a At current prices billions LBP
- 3.1b Percentage shares of (GVA) at current prices
- 3.2a Volume indices (chain-linked, 2010 = 100)
- 3.2b Volume indices percentage changes on previous year
- 3.3a At constant prices of 2010 (chain-linked) billions LBP
- 3.3b Contributions to the changes in GDP
- 3.4a Implied deflators (chain-linked, 2010 = 100)
- 3.4b Implied deflators percentage changes on previous year
- 3.5 At previous year's prices (Billions LBP)

Table 4: Sector accounts for 2017

- 4.1 Banks
- 4.2 General government

Notes on the tables

Sections 2 and 3 of the tables follow a standard format. Each section presents in order figures for current prices, volume indices, implied deflators and constant prices (prices of 2010 billion LBP). In most cases percentage changes on the previous year are also given, though in some cases where appropriate, the percentage figures are shares of total GDP or gross value added (GVA) rather than year on year changes.

Table 1.1

Gross domestic product

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product														
At current prices (billions of Lebanese pounds)	31,877	32,396	33,238	37,497	44,061	53,482	57,918	60,414	66,678	70,651	72,806	75,336	77,243	80,491
At constant prices of 2010 (chain-linked)	39,024	40,096	40,778	44,587	48,711	53,609	57,918	58,449	60,039	61,612	62,772	63,033	64,045	64,399
% real change (year to year)		2.7	1.7	9.3	9.2	10.1	8.0	0.9	2.7	2.6	1.9	0.4	1.6	0.6
% change in prices (year to year)		-1.1	0.9	3.2	7.6	10.3	0.2	3.4	7.4	3.3	1.1	3.0	0.9	3.6
overall % change at current prices		1.6	2.6	12.8	17.5	21.4	8.3	4.3	10.4	6.0	3.1	3.5	2.5	4.2
Volume index (2010=100)	67	69	70	77	84	93	100	101	104	106	108	109	111	111
Implied deflator	82	81	82	84	90	100	100	103	111	115	116	120	121	125
At current prices														
Gross domestic product (GDP)										70,651	72,806	75,336	77,243	80,491
Net income from abroad										-329	-870	-767	-1,233	-60
Gross national income (GNI)										70,322	71,936	74,569	76,010	80,431
Net transfers from abroad										2,414	3,558	5,115	3,695	1,833
Gross national disposable income (GNDI)										72,736	75,494	79,684	79,705	82,264
GDP (in billions of US dollars)	21.1	21.5	22.0	24.9	29.2	35.5	38.4	40.1	44.2	46.9	48.3	50.0	51.2	53.4
GNI (in billions of US dollars)										46.6	47.7	49.5	50.4	53.4
GNDI (in billions of US dollars)										48.2	50.1	52.9	52.9	54.6
Exchange rate (Lebanese pounds per US dollar)	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5	1,507.5

Table 1.2

Gross domestic product**GDP-E**

Expenditure components

2017 compared with 2016

Description	SNA code	2016	2017	2017	% change in	
		at current prices	at current prices	at 2016 prices	price	volume
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	77,243	80,491	77,669	3.6%	0.6%
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	77,673	84,492	81,058	4%	4%
by households	P31	68,232	73,963	71,020	4%	4%
by government	P32	9,441	10,529	10,038	5%	6%
Gross capital formation	P5	16,162	15,954	16,137	-1%	0%
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	15,738	15,640	15,804	-1%	0%
private	P51	14,147	14,402	14,554	-1%	3%
public	P51	1,591	1,238	1,251	-1%	-21%
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	424	314	333		
Net exports		-16,592	-19,955	-19,526		
Export of goods and services	P6	19,516	19,198	18,872	2%	-3%
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	5,926	6,070	6,091	0%	3%
Exports of services	P62	13,589	13,128	12,781	3%	-6%
less Import of goods and services	P7	36,108	39,153	38,398	2%	6%
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	26,730	29,548	28,921	2%	8%
Imports of services	P72	9,377	9,605	9,477	1%	1%

Table 1.3

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

2017 compared with 2016

Description		2016	2017	2017	% change in	
		at current prices	at current prices	at 2016 prices	price	volume
Gross domestic product at market prices		77,243	80,491	77,669	3.6%	0.6%
Taxes on products		7,162	7,557	7,482	1%	4%
less Subsidies on products		-1,827	-2,239	-2,092	7%	14%
Gross value added at basic prices		71,908	75,173	72,279	4.0%	0.5%
Agriculture & forestry	A1	1,225	1,268	1,410	-10%	15%
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	1,019	1,086	1,092	-1%	7%
Mining & quarrying	B	305	297	298	-1%	-2%
Manufacturing of food products	C1	1,620	1,649	1,579	4%	-3%
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	738	771	746	3%	1%
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	357	384	310	24%	-13%
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	466	460	442	4%	-5%
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	623	678	656	3%	5%
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	752	719	699	3%	-7%
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	1,645	1,691	1,574	7%	-4%
Other manufacturing	C8	459	543	469	16%	2%
Electricity	D	827	959	831	15%	0%
Water supply & waste management	E	967	793	819	-3%	-15%
Construction	F	3,202	2,823	3,081	-8%	-4%
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	9,131	9,754	9,181	6%	1%
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	866	827	858	-4%	-1%
Transport	H	2,547	2,543	2,617	-3%	3%
Hotels & restaurants	I	2,265	2,426	2,468	-2%	9%
Information & communication	J	2,076	2,210	2,158	2%	4%
Financial services	K	6,754	6,666	6,353	5%	-6%
Real estate	L	11,715	12,380	11,818	5%	1%
Professional services	M	3,164	3,284	3,199	3%	1%
Administrative services	N	1,917	2,045	1,884	9%	-2%
Public administration	O	6,884	7,871	6,972	13%	1%
Education	P	5,470	5,594	5,441	3%	-1%
Health & social care	Q	2,740	2,870	2,770	4%	1%
Personal & community services	R,S,T	2,175	2,583	2,554	1%	17%

Table 2.1

Gross domestic product**GDP-E**

Expenditure components

At current prices

Billions of Lebanese pounds

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	31,877	32,396	33,238	37,497	44,061	53,482	57,918	60,414	66,678	70,651	72,806	75,336	77,243	80,491
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	30,950	31,045	32,798	37,021	44,435	51,548	57,474	60,690	67,778	69,521	74,445	74,086	77,673	84,492
by households	P31	26,539	26,523	28,160	32,096	38,749	44,982	50,711	53,384	58,723	60,403	65,214	64,675	68,232	73,963
by government	P32	4,411	4,522	4,638	4,925	5,686	6,566	6,763	7,306	9,055	9,117	9,230	9,411	9,441	10,529
Gross capital formation	P5	7,423	7,512	6,898	9,185	12,408	14,506	14,600	16,183	16,047	19,233	17,450	15,928	16,162	15,954
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	7,200	7,195	7,352	9,261	12,111	15,104	14,657	15,430	16,386	18,810	17,021	15,550	15,738	15,640
private	P51	6,250	6,323	6,451	8,380	11,261	14,292	13,609	14,551	15,277	17,682	16,318	14,640	14,147	14,402
public	P51	950	872	901	882	849	812	1,048	879	1,109	1,128	703	909	1,591	1,238
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	223	317	-454	-76	298	-598	-57	753	-339	423	428	378	424	314
Net exports		-6,496	-6,161	-6,457	-8,710	-12,783	-12,571	-14,156	-16,459	-17,147	-18,102	-19,088	-14,679	-16,592	-19,955
Export of goods and services	P6	11,388	12,084	12,012	14,114	17,171	18,023	20,731	22,318	22,988	22,484	20,277	20,580	19,516	19,198
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	3,557	3,983	4,080	5,361	6,692	6,237	7,072	8,524	8,470	7,797	6,860	6,005	5,926	6,070
Exports of services	P62	7,832	8,102	7,932	8,753	10,479	11,785	13,658	13,793	14,518	14,686	13,416	14,575	13,589	13,128
less Import of goods and services	P7	17,884	18,246	18,469	22,824	29,954	30,594	34,887	38,776	40,134	40,586	39,365	35,259	36,108	39,153
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	12,886	13,139	13,268	16,801	22,656	23,023	26,176	29,361	30,728	31,005	29,750	26,005	26,730	29,548
Imports of services	P72	4,998	5,106	5,201	6,023	7,298	7,571	8,711	9,415	9,406	9,582	9,614	9,254	9,377	9,605

As percentages of GDP

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	97%	96%	99%	99%	101%	96%	99%	100%	102%	98%	102%	98%	101%	105%
by households	P31	83%	82%	85%	86%	88%	84%	88%	88%	88%	85%	90%	86%	88%	92%
by government	P32	14%	14%	14%	13%	13%	12%	12%	12%	14%	13%	13%	12%	12%	13%
Gross capital formation	P5	23%	23%	21%	24%	28%	27%	25%	27%	24%	27%	24%	21%	21%	20%
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	23%	22%	22%	25%	27%	28%	25%	26%	25%	27%	23%	21%	20%	19%
private	P51	20%	20%	19%	22%	26%	27%	23%	24%	23%	25%	22%	19%	18%	18%
public	P51	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%
Changes in inventories	P52	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0.0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	1%	1%	-1%	0%	1%	-1%	0%	1%	-1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%
Net exports		-20%	-19%	-19%	-23%	-29%	-24%	-24%	-27%	-26%	-26%	-26%	-19%	-21%	-25%
Export of goods and services	P6	36%	37%	36%	38%	39%	34%	36%	37%	34%	32%	28%	27%	25%	24%
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	11%	12%	12%	14%	15%	12%	12%	14%	13%	11%	9%	8%	8%	8%
Exports of services	P62	25%	25%	24%	23%	24%	22%	24%	23%	22%	21%	18%	19%	18%	16%
less Import of goods and services	P7	56%	56%	56%	61%	68%	57%	60%	64%	60%	57%	54%	47%	47%	49%
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	40%	41%	40%	45%	51%	43%	45%	49%	46%	44%	41%	35%	35%	37%
Imports of services	P72	16%	16%	16%	16%	17%	14%	15%	16%	14%	14%	13%	12%	12%	12%

Table 2.2

Gross domestic product GDP-E

Expenditure components

Volume indices (chain-linked Laspeyres)

Index numbers 2010 = 100

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	67	69	70	77	84	93	100	101	104	106	108	109	111	111
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	70	69	71	76	82	93	100	99	105	106	113	116	123	129
by households	P31	69	67	69	74	81	92	100	99	103	104	113	115	123	128
by government	P32	79	81	83	87	90	103	100	101	119	118	116	123	125	132
Gross capital formation	P5	54	55	50	64	80	96	100	99	97	113	105	101	109	108
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	53	53	53	64	78	100	100	94	97	108	100	96	102	103
private	P51	49	50	50	62	78	102	100	95	97	109	103	97	99	102
public	P51	102	91	91	85	76	75	100	75	91	90	58	78	145	114
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	-964	-1,296	1,405	152	-564	1,281	100	-1,203	108	-155	-172	-166	-221	-174
Net exports		71	54	53	62	77	100	100	91	100	108	123	128	168	197
Export of goods and services	P6	68	71	69	77	83	91	100	97	97	99	90	96	93	90
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	62	68	67	84	92	95	100	101	98	95	86	85	87	89
Exports of services	P62	71	73	70	73	78	89	100	95	97	102	92	103	97	91
less Import of goods and services	P7	67	63	61	70	80	94	100	95	99	103	104	110	122	130
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	67	62	59	68	79	95	100	95	99	104	104	109	122	132
Imports of services	P72	69	68	68	74	81	92	100	95	97	101	105	114	124	125

Percentage changes (year on year)

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP		2.7%	1.7%	9.3%	9.2%	10.1%	8.0%	0.9%	2.7%	2.6%	1.9%	0.4%	1.6%	0.6%
Total final consumption expenditure	P3		-2%	3%	7%	9%	13%	7%	-1%	6%	1%	7%	2%	6%	4%
by households	P31		-3%	3%	7%	10%	13%	9%	-1%	4%	1%	9%	2%	7%	4%
by government	P32		2%	2%	6%	4%	14%	-3%	1%	18%	-1%	-1%	6%	1%	6%
Gross capital formation	P5		2%	-9%	27%	25%	20%	4%	-1%	-2%	17%	-7%	-4%	8%	0%
Gross fixed capital formation	P51		1%	0%	20%	21%	29%	0%	-6%	3%	11%	-7%	-4%	7%	0%
private	P51		2%	0%	24%	25%	31%	-2%	-5%	2%	12%	-5%	-6%	2%	3%
public	P51		-11%	0%	-7%	-11%	-1%	33%	-25%	22%	-1%	-36%	35%	85%	-21%
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53		34%	-208%	-89%	-470%	-327%	-92%	-1303%	-109%	-244%	11%	-4%	34%	-21%
Net exports															
Export of goods and services	P6		5%	-3%	12%	8%	10%	10%	-3%	0%	2%	-10%	7%	-4%	-3%
Exports of goods (fob)	P61		9%	-2%	25%	10%	4%	5%	1%	-3%	-3%	-10%	-1%	2%	3%
Exports of services	P62		3%	-4%	5%	7%	14%	12%	-5%	2%	5%	-9%	12%	-6%	-6%
less Import of goods and services	P7		-5%	-3%	14%	14%	19%	6%	-5%	4%	4%	1%	6%	11%	6%
Imports of goods (fob)	P71		-7%	-4%	15%	16%	20%	5%	-5%	5%	4%	0%	5%	12%	8%
Imports of services	P72		-2%	0%	9%	10%	13%	9%	-5%	2%	5%	4%	9%	8%	1%

Table 2.3

Gross domestic product**GDP-E**

Expenditure components

At constant prices (chain-linked)*Referenced to the prices of 2010*

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	39,024	40,096	40,778	44,587	48,711	53,609	57,918	58,449	60,039	61,612	62,772	63,033	64,045	64,399
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	40,378	39,390	40,677	43,571	47,394	53,599	57,474	56,907	60,369	60,726	65,197	66,739	70,852	73,940
by households	P31	35,054	33,934	35,102	37,683	41,292	46,657	50,711	50,087	52,333	52,752	57,334	58,409	62,419	64,970
by government	P32	5,355	5,465	5,587	5,904	6,113	6,955	6,763	6,820	8,032	7,970	7,858	8,317	8,427	8,960
Gross capital formation	P5	7,886	8,024	7,323	9,331	11,697	14,043	14,600	14,442	14,118	16,475	15,396	14,736	15,854	15,830
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	7,743	7,800	7,806	9,383	11,381	14,635	14,657	13,753	14,159	15,760	14,666	14,035	15,011	15,074
private	P51	6,679	6,844	6,849	8,490	10,583	13,848	13,609	12,969	13,201	14,815	14,060	13,214	13,493	13,881
public	P51	1,070	956	957	893	798	787	1,048	784	958	945	606	821	1,518	1,193
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	553	743	-806	-87	323	-734	-57	690	-62	89	99	95	127	100
Net exports		-10,008	-7,691	-7,450	-8,742	-10,859	-14,152	-14,156	-12,900	-14,221	-15,327	-17,467	-18,118	-23,751	-27,951
Export of goods and services	P6	14,082	14,738	14,231	15,875	17,175	18,853	20,731	20,142	20,136	20,545	18,579	19,971	19,269	18,633
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	4,392	4,797	4,723	5,907	6,478	6,722	7,072	7,133	6,909	6,719	6,063	6,016	6,142	6,313
Exports of services	P62	9,710	9,961	9,526	9,963	10,689	12,143	13,658	13,010	13,256	13,893	12,579	14,054	13,234	12,447
less Import of goods and services	P7	23,424	22,150	21,411	24,317	27,796	32,950	34,887	33,042	34,473	36,019	36,353	38,413	42,597	45,299
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	17,452	16,258	15,528	17,920	20,746	24,983	26,176	24,791	26,032	27,196	27,229	28,456	31,817	34,424
Imports of services	P72	6,026	5,916	5,895	6,420	7,075	7,975	8,711	8,251	8,435	8,816	9,128	9,973	10,802	10,917
Contributions to the growth rate															
Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP		2.7%	1.7%	9.3%	9.2%	10.1%	8.0%	0.9%	2.7%	2.6%	1.9%	0.4%	1.6%	0.6%
Total final consumption expenditure	P3		-2.4%	3.1%	7.0%	8.7%	13.2%	7.0%	-1.0%	6.1%	0.6%	7.2%	2.4%	6.1%	4.4%
by households	P31		-2.7%	2.8%	6.2%	8.2%	11.4%	7.3%	-1.1%	4.0%	0.7%	7.4%	1.7%	5.9%	3.6%
by government	P32		0.3%	0.3%	0.8%	0.5%	1.8%	-0.3%	0.1%	2.1%	-0.1%	-0.2%	0.7%	0.2%	0.8%
Gross capital formation	P5		0.4%	-2.0%	5.7%	6.2%	5.6%	1.1%	-0.3%	-0.6%	4.0%	-1.8%	-1.0%	1.6%	0.0%
Gross fixed capital formation	P51		0.2%	0.0%	4.5%	5.3%	7.9%	0.0%	-1.6%	0.8%	2.8%	-1.8%	-1.0%	1.4%	0.1%
private	P51		0.5%	0.0%	4.7%	5.5%	7.9%	-0.5%	-1.1%	0.4%	2.8%	-1.3%	-1.3%	0.4%	0.5%
public	P51		-0.3%	0.0%	-0.2%	-0.3%	0.0%	0.5%	-0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	-0.6%	0.3%	1.0%	-0.4%
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53		0.2%	-2.0%	1.2%	1.0%	-2.2%	1.0%	1.3%	-1.4%	1.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	-0.1%
Net exports															
Export of goods and services	P6		1.7%	-1.3%	4.2%	3.1%	3.8%	3.4%	-1.0%	0.0%	0.7%	-3.0%	2.1%	-1.0%	-0.8%
Exports of goods (fob)	P61		1.0%	-0.2%	3.1%	1.4%	0.6%	0.6%	0.1%	-0.4%	-0.3%	-1.1%	-0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Exports of services	P62		0.6%	-1.1%	1.1%	1.7%	3.2%	2.7%	-1.1%	0.4%	1.0%	-2.0%	2.2%	-1.1%	-1.0%
less Import of goods and services	P7		3.1%	1.9%	-7.5%	-8.7%	-12.6%	-3.4%	3.2%	-2.8%	-2.7%	-0.5%	-3.1%	-5.1%	-3.0%
Imports of goods (fob)	P71		2.8%	1.8%	-6.1%	-7.1%	-10.5%	-2.1%	2.4%	-2.4%	-2.1%	-0.1%	-1.8%	-4.1%	-2.8%
Imports of services	P72		0.3%	0.1%	-1.4%	-1.6%	-2.1%	-1.3%	0.8%	-0.3%	-0.6%	-0.5%	-1.2%	-1.0%	-0.1%

Table 2.4

Gross domestic product GDP-E

Expenditure components

Implied deflators (chain-linked price indices)

Index numbers 2010 = 100

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	82	81	82	84	90	100	100	103	111	115	116	120	121	125
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	77	79	81	85	94	96	100	107	112	114	114	111	110	114
by households	P31	76	78	80	85	94	96	100	107	112	115	114	111	109	114
by government	P32	82	83	83	83	93	94	100	107	113	114	117	113	112	118
Gross capital formation	P5	94	94	94	98	106	103	100	112	114	117	113	108	102	101
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	93	92	94	99	106	103	100	112	116	119	116	111	105	104
private	P51	94	92	94	99	106	103	100	112	116	119	116	111	105	104
public	P51	89	91	94	99	106	103	100	112	116	119	116	111	105	104
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	40	43	56	87	92	82	100	109	549	476	435	398	334	315
Net exports		65	80	87	100	118	89	100	128	121	118	109	81	70	71
Export of goods and services	P6	81	82	84	89	100	96	100	111	114	109	109	103	101	103
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	81	83	86	91	103	93	100	120	123	116	113	100	96	96
Exports of services	P62	81	81	83	88	98	97	100	106	110	106	107	104	103	105
less Import of goods and services	P7	76	82	86	94	108	93	100	117	116	113	108	92	85	86
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	74	81	85	94	109	92	100	118	118	114	109	91	84	86
Imports of services	P72	83	86	88	94	103	95	100	114	112	109	105	93	87	88

Percentage changes (year on year)

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP		-1.1%	0.9%	3.2%	7.6%	10.3%	0.2%	3.4%	7.4%	3.3%	1.1%	3.0%	0.9%	3.6%
Total final consumption expenditure	P3		2.8%	2.3%	5.4%	10.3%	2.6%	4.0%	6.6%	5.3%	2.0%	-0.3%	-2.8%	-1.2%	4.2%
by households	P31		3.2%	2.6%	6.2%	10.2%	2.7%	3.7%	6.6%	5.3%	2.0%	-0.7%	-2.7%	-1.3%	4.1%
by government	P32		0.5%	0.3%	0.5%	11.5%	1.5%	5.9%	7.1%	5.2%	1.5%	2.7%	-3.7%	-1.0%	4.9%
Gross capital formation	P5		-0.5%	0.6%	4.5%	7.8%	-2.6%	-3.2%	12.0%	1.4%	2.7%	-2.9%	-4.6%	-5.7%	-1.1%
Gross fixed capital formation	P51		-0.8%	2.1%	4.8%	7.8%	-3.0%	-3.1%	12.2%	3.1%	3.1%	-2.8%	-4.5%	-5.4%	-1.0%
private	P51		-1.3%	1.9%	4.8%	7.8%	-3.0%	-3.1%	12.2%	3.1%	3.1%	-2.8%	-4.5%	-5.4%	-1.0%
public	P51		2.7%	3.3%	4.8%	7.8%	-3.0%	-3.1%	12.2%	3.1%	3.1%	-2.8%	-4.5%	-5.4%	-1.0%
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53		5.7%	32.0%	54.2%	5.9%	-11.5%	22.7%	9.1%	403.1%	-13.4%	-8.6%	-8.3%	-16.2%	-5.7%
Net exports															
Export of goods and services	P6		1.4%	2.9%	5.3%	12.4%	-4.4%	4.6%	10.8%	3.0%	-4.1%	-0.3%	-5.6%	-1.7%	1.7%
Exports of goods (fob)	P61		2.5%	4.0%	5.1%	13.8%	-10.2%	7.8%	19.5%	2.6%	-5.3%	-2.5%	-11.8%	-3.3%	-0.3%
Exports of services	P62		0.8%	2.4%	5.5%	11.6%	-1.0%	3.0%	6.0%	3.3%	-3.5%	0.9%	-2.8%	-1.0%	2.7%
less Import of goods and services	P7		7.9%	4.7%	8.8%	14.8%	-13.8%	7.7%	17.4%	-0.8%	-3.2%	-3.9%	-15.2%	-7.7%	2.0%
Imports of goods (fob)	P71		9.5%	5.7%	9.7%	16.5%	-15.6%	8.5%	18.4%	-0.3%	-3.4%	-4.2%	-16.4%	-8.1%	2.2%
Imports of services	P72		4.1%	2.2%	6.3%	9.9%	-7.9%	5.3%	14.1%	-2.3%	-2.5%	-3.1%	-11.9%	-6.4%	1.4%

Table 2.5

Gross domestic product GDP-E

Expenditure components

At previous year's prices*For computation only*

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	GDP	32,753	32,947	36,343	40,965	48,491	57,781	58,449	62,057	68,424	71,983	73,109	76,545	77,669	
Total final consumption expenditure	P3	30,192	32,059	35,131	40,269	50,253	55,274	56,907	64,383	68,178	74,640	76,206	78,651	81,058	
by households	P31	25,691	27,436	30,230	35,170	43,784	48,890	50,087	55,779	59,193	65,651	66,436	69,116	71,020	
by government	P32	4,501	4,623	4,901	5,099	6,469	6,384	6,820	8,604	8,985	8,989	9,770	9,535	10,038	
Gross capital formation	P5	7,553	6,856	8,789	11,514	14,897	15,081	14,442	15,819	18,727	17,973	16,702	17,137	16,137	
Gross fixed capital formation	P51	7,253	7,200	8,838	11,233	15,573	15,127	13,753	15,886	18,239	17,504	16,289	16,631	15,804	
private	P51	6,404	6,328	7,997	10,445	14,736	14,046	12,969	14,811	17,145	16,781	15,336	14,949	14,554	
public	P51	849	873	841	788	837	1,082	784	1,075	1,094	723	953	1,682	1,251	
Acquisition less disposal of valuables	P53	300	-344	-49	281	-676	-47	690	-67	488	469	413	506	333	
Net exports		-4,993	-5,968	-7,577	-10,818	-16,659	-12,575	-12,900	-18,145	-18,480	-20,630	-19,799	-19,243	-19,526	
Export of goods and services	P6	11,918	11,669	13,399	15,270	18,848	19,818	20,142	22,311	23,454	20,333	21,796	19,856	18,872	
Exports of goods (fob)	P61	3,884	3,922	5,103	5,879	6,944	6,562	7,133	8,257	8,238	7,036	6,807	6,131	6,091	
Exports of services	P62	8,034	7,747	8,296	9,391	11,904	13,256	13,010	14,054	15,216	13,297	14,989	13,725	12,781	
less Import of goods and services	P7	16,911	17,637	20,976	26,089	35,508	32,393	33,042	40,455	41,934	40,963	41,595	39,099	38,398	
Imports of goods (fob)	P71	12,004	12,550	15,312	19,450	27,283	24,123	24,791	30,831	32,103	31,043	31,091	29,076	28,921	
Imports of services	P72	4,907	5,087	5,664	6,639	8,225	8,270	8,251	9,625	9,831	9,920	10,504	10,023	9,477	

Table 3.1a

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

At current prices

Billions of Lebanese pounds

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		31,877	32,396	33,238	37,497	44,061	53,482	57,918	60,414	66,678	70,651	72,806	75,336	77,243	80,491
Taxes on products		4,591	4,324	3,959	4,794	5,707	7,405	7,716	7,533	7,605	7,476	7,260	6,944	7,162	7,557
less Subsidies on products		-594	-915	-1,393	-1,483	-2,710	-1,310	-1,850	-2,628	-2,440	-2,211	-3,017	-1,659	-1,827	-2,239
Gross value added at basic prices		27,880	28,987	30,673	34,186	41,063	47,387	52,052	55,509	61,513	65,386	68,563	70,050	71,908	75,173
Agriculture & forestry	A1	727	660	1,002	1,154	1,177	1,198	1,345	1,481	1,581	1,757	1,812	1,503	1,225	1,268
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	485	494	475	670	800	903	883	809	890	1,002	1,130	1,070	1,019	1,086
Mining & quarrying	B	122	134	155	189	218	251	255	304	318	371	344	304	305	297
Manufacturing of food products	C1	362	414	348	352	536	695	716	891	953	1,029	1,202	1,327	1,620	1,649
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	304	325	278	274	346	440	482	476	542	578	633	665	738	771
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	182	179	177	158	171	181	191	211	246	250	286	353	357	384
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	253	262	258	290	343	406	418	381	408	435	444	457	466	460
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	195	208	196	206	362	390	410	391	419	478	526	615	623	678
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	287	285	234	309	418	416	532	620	583	679	612	674	752	719
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	570	614	764	979	1,292	1,436	1,461	1,355	1,535	1,657	1,609	1,726	1,645	1,691
Other manufacturing	C8	118	96	113	108	123	192	198	237	236	306	338	386	459	543
Electricity	D	689	636	821	903	893	731	645	789	1,022	1,030	1,080	926	827	959
Water supply & waste management	E	430	453	437	492	527	572	610	607	629	704	782	865	967	793
Construction	F	1,209	1,240	1,303	1,666	2,034	2,677	2,233	2,690	3,490	4,161	3,966	3,313	3,202	2,823
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	3,307	3,618	3,870	4,529	6,287	7,334	8,320	8,918	9,223	9,521	9,780	9,726	9,131	9,754
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	224	243	267	370	454	528	574	620	658	666	703	749	866	827
Transport	H	1,008	1,107	1,099	1,309	1,707	1,884	1,871	1,865	1,969	2,172	2,370	2,580	2,547	2,543
Hotels & restaurants	I	795	706	630	626	995	1,576	1,724	1,685	1,732	1,789	1,988	2,187	2,265	2,426
Information & communication	J	861	797	1,046	1,065	1,213	1,328	1,674	1,601	1,710	1,975	1,957	2,104	2,076	2,210
Financial services	K	1,999	2,191	2,573	2,702	3,226	3,532	4,212	4,418	4,816	5,129	5,474	5,805	6,754	6,666
Real estate	L	4,829	5,023	5,127	5,252	5,715	6,271	7,434	8,317	9,284	10,016	10,723	10,806	11,715	12,380
Professional services	M	1,029	1,081	1,080	1,318	1,688	2,163	2,456	2,629	3,051	2,929	3,119	3,167	3,164	3,284
Administrative services	N	629	669	647	861	1,110	1,265	1,400	1,467	1,707	1,605	1,637	1,763	1,917	2,045
Public administration	O	3,139	3,257	3,461	3,728	4,303	4,967	5,032	5,544	6,695	6,546	6,790	6,969	6,884	7,871
Education	P	2,230	2,362	2,350	2,461	2,535	2,927	3,317	3,645	4,179	4,651	4,978	5,393	5,470	5,594
Health & social care	Q	1,036	1,044	1,038	1,100	1,227	1,419	1,592	1,658	1,758	2,145	2,341	2,574	2,740	2,870
Personal & community services	R,S,T	863	886	926	1,114	1,366	1,705	2,064	1,900	1,880	1,805	1,940	2,043	2,175	2,583

Table 3.1b

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

At current prices

Percentage share of GDP

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		100%	100%	100%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Taxes on products		14%	13%	12%	13%	13%	14%	13%	12%	11%	11%	10%	9%	9%	9%
less Subsidies on products		-2%	-3%	-4%	-4%	-6%	-2%	-3%	-4%	-4%	-3%	-4%	-2%	-2%	-3%
Gross value added at basic prices		87%	89%	92%	91%	93%	89%	90%	92%	92%	93%	94%	93%	93%	93%
Agriculture & forestry	A1	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	2%	2%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%
Mining & quarrying	B	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Manufacturing of food products	C1	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	2%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Other manufacturing	C8	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%
Electricity	D	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Water supply & waste management	E	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Construction	F	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	5%	4%	4%	5%	6%	5%	4%	4%	4%
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	10%	11%	12%	12%	14%	14%	14%	15%	14%	13%	13%	13%	12%	12%
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Transport	H	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Hotels & restaurants	I	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Information & communication	J	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%	2%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Financial services	K	6%	7%	8%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	8%	8%	9%	8%
Real estate	L	15%	16%	15%	14%	13%	12%	13%	14%	14%	14%	15%	14%	15%	15%
Professional services	M	3%	3%	3%	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%
Administrative services	N	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%
Public administration	O	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	9%	9%	9%	10%	9%	9%	9%	9%	10%
Education	P	7%	7%	7%	7%	6%	5%	6%	6%	6%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%
Health & social care	Q	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%
Personal & community services	R,S,T	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%

Table 3.2a

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

Volume indices (chain-linked Laspeyres)

Index numbers 2010 = 100

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		67	69	70	77	84	93	100	101	104	106	108	109	111	111
Taxes on products		60	59	57	66	80	95	100	95	102	104	106	111	118	123
less Subsidies on products		86	88	85	85	90	96	100	97	94	104	108	110	113	130
Gross value added at basic prices		69	72	73	79	85	92	100	102	104	107	109	109	110	111
Agriculture & forestry	A1	102	91	99	96	87	91	100	110	108	105	120	97	102	117
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	96	101	86	96	97	103	100	102	97	102	117	110	118	127
Mining & quarrying	B	52	58	65	75	80	94	100	106	102	112	106	96	101	99
Manufacturing of food products	C1	79	80	77	87	88	90	100	106	110	120	118	115	118	116
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	66	71	71	82	81	89	100	100	106	110	114	112	114	115
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	85	79	79	93	102	106	100	96	91	98	92	84	75	65
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	70	75	74	82	91	90	100	93	91	98	93	87	84	80
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	77	79	86	102	116	92	100	103	99	98	98	92	82	86
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	68	81	60	78	86	102	100	103	102	106	97	81	78	72
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	62	64	76	94	103	94	100	102	104	106	93	91	76	73
Other manufacturing	C8	85	91	82	95	104	103	100	99	102	106	104	100	101	103
Electricity	D	96	99	88	91	95	106	100	113	117	116	115	116	122	123
Water supply & waste management	E	62	67	66	78	90	92	100	103	104	116	114	111	123	104
Construction	F	53	55	56	67	76	91	100	103	103	110	107	97	106	102
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	66	67	63	73	82	88	100	101	103	106	105	106	100	100
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	66	70	73	78	82	91	100	106	106	106	106	107	108	107
Transport	H	66	69	68	73	83	94	100	97	102	111	118	129	137	141
Hotels & restaurants	I	72	67	67	67	80	93	100	96	94	89	86	88	86	93
Information & communication	J	54	56	58	66	75	90	100	97	101	106	111	120	118	123
Financial services	K	55	61	72	78	84	90	100	97	100	104	108	119	140	131
Real estate	L	80	84	86	89	95	98	100	99	100	106	110	107	111	112
Professional services	M	60	64	68	66	71	84	100	106	114	110	112	108	103	104
Administrative services	N	58	67	68	70	78	89	100	104	115	111	108	99	81	80
Public administration	O	73	76	80	85	87	98	100	108	115	112	117	121	120	122
Education	P	95	96	97	99	99	98	100	103	99	105	114	119	122	121
Health & social care	Q	67	69	70	76	76	87	100	108	114	128	122	126	128	129
Personal & community services	R,S,T	55	55	54	56	68	82	100	94	91	85	88	88	90	106

Table 3.2b

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

Volume indices (chain-linked Laspeyres)

Percentage changes (year on year)

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		2.7%	1.7%	9.3%	9.2%	10.1%	8.0%	0.9%	2.7%	2.6%	1.9%	0.4%	1.6%	0.6%	
Taxes on products		-2%	-2%	16%	20%	18%	6%	-5%	8%	2%	2%	5%	7%	4%	
less Subsidies on products		3%	-3%	0%	6%	6%	5%	-3%	-3%	11%	4%	2%	3%	14%	
Gross value added at basic prices		3.6%	2.2%	8.1%	7.6%	8.6%	8.3%	1.7%	1.8%	3.0%	2.0%	0.0%	1.2%	0.5%	
Agriculture & forestry	A1	-10%	9%	-3%	-10%	5%	10%	10%	-2%	-3%	14%	-19%	5%	15%	
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	6%	-14%	12%	1%	6%	-3%	2%	-5%	5%	15%	-6%	7%	7%	
Mining & quarrying	B	11%	13%	15%	6%	17%	7%	6%	-4%	10%	-5%	-9%	4%	-2%	
Manufacturing of food products	C1	1%	-4%	14%	0%	3%	11%	6%	4%	10%	-2%	-3%	3%	-3%	
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	7%	-1%	17%	-2%	10%	12%	0%	6%	4%	4%	-2%	2%	1%	
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	-7%	0%	18%	10%	4%	-5%	-4%	-5%	8%	-6%	-9%	-12%	-13%	
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	8%	-1%	10%	12%	-1%	11%	-7%	-2%	7%	-5%	-7%	-3%	-5%	
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	3%	8%	19%	13%	-21%	9%	3%	-4%	-1%	-1%	-5%	-11%	5%	
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	20%	-26%	30%	11%	18%	-2%	3%	-1%	4%	-8%	-16%	-4%	-7%	
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	3%	20%	23%	9%	-9%	7%	2%	1%	2%	-12%	-2%	-17%	-4%	
Other manufacturing	C8	7%	-10%	15%	10%	-1%	-3%	-1%	3%	4%	-2%	-4%	1%	2%	
Electricity	D	3%	-11%	4%	4%	11%	-6%	13%	3%	-1%	-1%	1%	5%	0%	
Water supply & waste management	E	8%	-1%	17%	16%	2%	9%	3%	1%	11%	-1%	-3%	11%	-15%	
Construction	F	3%	3%	19%	14%	20%	10%	3%	0%	7%	-2%	-10%	9%	-4%	
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	2%	-6%	16%	12%	8%	13%	1%	2%	3%	-1%	1%	-6%	1%	
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	6%	5%	5%	6%	11%	10%	6%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	-1%	
Transport	H	4%	-1%	8%	13%	13%	6%	-3%	5%	10%	6%	9%	6%	3%	
Hotels & restaurants	I	-7%	1%	0%	19%	16%	8%	-4%	-2%	-5%	-3%	2%	-3%	9%	
Information & communication	J	4%	4%	12%	15%	19%	11%	-3%	4%	5%	5%	8%	-1%	4%	
Financial services	K	10%	18%	8%	8%	6%	12%	-3%	3%	4%	3%	10%	18%	-6%	
Real estate	L	4%	3%	4%	7%	2%	2%	-1%	0%	6%	4%	-3%	4%	1%	
Professional services	M	8%	5%	-3%	8%	19%	19%	6%	8%	-4%	2%	-3%	-5%	1%	
Administrative services	N	14%	2%	2%	11%	15%	12%	4%	10%	-3%	-2%	-8%	-18%	-2%	
Public administration	O	3%	6%	7%	2%	13%	2%	8%	7%	-3%	4%	3%	-1%	1%	
Education	P	1%	1%	2%	0%	-1%	2%	3%	-4%	6%	9%	4%	2%	-1%	
Health & social care	Q	3%	2%	8%	1%	14%	14%	8%	5%	13%	-5%	3%	2%	1%	
Personal & community services	R,S,T	-1%	-2%	5%	21%	20%	23%	-6%	-2%	-7%	3%	0%	2%	17%	

Table 3.3a

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

At constant prices (chain-linked) Billions LBP

Referenced to the prices of 2010

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		39,024	40,096	40,778	44,587	48,711	53,609	57,918	58,449	60,039	61,612	62,772	63,033	64,045	64,399
Taxes on products		4,633	4,530	4,422	5,112	6,155	7,294	7,716	7,294	7,846	8,034	8,162	8,535	9,090	9,497
less Subsidies on products		-1,591	-1,632	-1,576	-1,569	-1,671	-1,769	-1,850	-1,791	-1,743	-1,929	-1,997	-2,028	-2,093	-2,396
Gross value added at basic prices		35,983	37,265	38,067	41,144	44,257	48,066	52,052	52,946	53,902	55,501	56,596	56,611	57,266	57,562
Agriculture & forestry	A1	1,369	1,229	1,335	1,293	1,170	1,225	1,345	1,482	1,449	1,408	1,612	1,306	1,372	1,580
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	843	891	763	852	858	911	883	902	854	899	1,035	974	1,045	1,120
Mining & quarrying	B	133	148	167	192	204	239	255	271	259	284	269	246	257	251
Manufacturing of food products	C1	569	574	549	626	628	644	716	755	785	860	847	823	848	827
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	320	342	340	397	391	430	482	480	510	528	548	539	550	556
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	162	150	150	177	194	201	191	184	174	187	176	161	142	123
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	291	313	311	341	382	378	418	389	382	410	391	364	352	334
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	317	326	353	419	476	376	410	422	406	403	401	379	336	354
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	361	433	319	416	460	541	532	548	543	562	516	432	414	384
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	903	933	1,116	1,378	1,505	1,368	1,461	1,495	1,516	1,553	1,360	1,337	1,113	1,065
Other manufacturing	C8	169	181	162	187	206	205	198	196	202	211	206	199	200	205
Electricity	D	620	636	566	588	615	683	645	729	754	749	742	750	789	793
Water supply & waste management	E	378	407	404	474	550	559	610	626	635	705	698	679	752	638
Construction	F	1,182	1,222	1,254	1,493	1,696	2,035	2,233	2,305	2,297	2,453	2,400	2,162	2,363	2,273
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	5,507	5,611	5,262	6,106	6,814	7,345	8,320	8,401	8,529	8,787	8,735	8,860	8,290	8,336
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	378	403	422	445	471	521	574	609	607	607	610	615	621	615
Transport	H	1,230	1,283	1,266	1,370	1,554	1,763	1,871	1,816	1,900	2,082	2,213	2,422	2,564	2,635
Hotels & restaurants	I	1,239	1,148	1,159	1,160	1,384	1,600	1,724	1,659	1,618	1,538	1,489	1,526	1,480	1,612
Information & communication	J	904	938	978	1,099	1,264	1,505	1,674	1,624	1,690	1,775	1,863	2,006	1,983	2,062
Financial services	K	2,337	2,573	3,045	3,279	3,555	3,771	4,212	4,087	4,209	4,393	4,533	4,999	5,885	5,536
Real estate	L	5,974	6,227	6,398	6,641	7,097	7,271	7,434	7,396	7,398	7,867	8,172	7,964	8,262	8,335
Professional services	M	1,471	1,583	1,669	1,614	1,740	2,064	2,456	2,595	2,809	2,703	2,751	2,659	2,522	2,551
Administrative services	N	818	935	951	974	1,085	1,249	1,400	1,461	1,607	1,553	1,518	1,391	1,136	1,116
Public administration	O	3,691	3,809	4,020	4,290	4,385	4,942	5,032	5,439	5,800	5,646	5,879	6,072	6,041	6,119
Education	P	3,163	3,196	3,229	3,279	3,291	3,262	3,317	3,422	3,295	3,487	3,787	3,956	4,051	4,030
Health & social care	Q	1,066	1,096	1,118	1,203	1,217	1,391	1,592	1,722	1,812	2,045	1,948	2,004	2,039	2,061
Personal & community services	R,S,T	1,143	1,132	1,109	1,160	1,400	1,683	2,064	1,931	1,886	1,763	1,811	1,813	1,855	2,179

Table 3.3b

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

Contributions to the change in GDP*Percentage changes (year on year)*

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		2.7%	1.7%	9.3%	9.2%	10.1%	8.0%	0.9%	2.7%	2.6%	1.9%	0.4%	1.6%	0.6%	
Taxes on products		-0.3%	-0.3%	1.9%	2.6%	2.4%	0.8%	-0.7%	0.9%	0.3%	0.2%	0.5%	0.6%	0.4%	
less Subsidies on products		0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	-0.3%	-0.4%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	-0.4%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.3%	
Gross value added at basic prices		3.1%	1.9%	7.5%	6.9%	8.0%	7.3%	1.5%	1.7%	2.7%	1.8%	0.0%	1.1%	0.5%	
Agriculture & forestry	A1	-0.2%	0.2%	-0.1%	-0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.4%	-0.5%	0.1%	0.2%	
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	0.1%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.0%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	-0.1%	0.1%	
Mining & quarrying	B	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Manufacturing of food products	C1	0.0%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.1%	
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-0.1%	-0.1%	
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	-0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-0.1%	0.0%	
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	0.2%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.0%	-0.1%	
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	0.1%	0.4%	0.5%	0.2%	-0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.3%	0.0%	-0.4%	-0.1%	
Other manufacturing	C8	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Electricity	D	0.1%	-0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	
Water supply & waste management	E	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.2%	
Construction	F	0.1%	0.1%	0.7%	0.6%	0.9%	0.5%	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	-0.1%	-0.5%	0.4%	-0.2%	
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	0.2%	-0.7%	1.9%	1.4%	1.1%	1.8%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	-0.1%	0.2%	-0.8%	0.1%	
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Transport	H	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	
Hotels & restaurants	I	-0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.2%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.1%	-0.1%	0.3%	
Information & communication	J	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	
Financial services	K	0.6%	1.2%	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%	0.8%	-0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.8%	1.4%	-0.5%	
Real estate	L	0.6%	0.4%	0.6%	1.0%	0.3%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.0%	0.9%	0.5%	-0.4%	0.5%	0.1%	
Professional services	M	0.2%	0.2%	-0.1%	0.3%	0.7%	0.8%	0.2%	0.4%	-0.2%	0.1%	-0.1%	-0.2%	0.0%	
Administrative services	N	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.2%	-0.4%	0.0%	
Public administration	O	0.3%	0.6%	0.7%	0.2%	1.2%	0.2%	0.7%	0.6%	-0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	
Education	P	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	-0.2%	0.4%	0.6%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	
Health & social care	Q	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	
Personal & community services	R,S,T	0.0%	-0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	-0.2%	-0.1%	-0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.5%	

Source: Central Administration for Statistics

Table 3.4a

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

Implied deflators (chain-linked)

Index numbers 2010 = 100

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		82	81	82	84	90	100	100	103	111	115	116	120	121	125
Taxes on products		99	95	90	94	93	102	100	103	97	93	89	81	79	80
less Subsidies on products		37	56	88	95	162	74	100	147	140	115	151	82	87	93
Gross value added at basic prices		77	78	81	83	93	99	100	105	114	118	121	124	126	131
Agriculture & forestry	A1	53	54	75	89	101	98	100	100	109	125	112	115	89	80
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	57	55	62	79	93	99	100	90	104	111	109	110	98	97
Mining & quarrying	B	92	91	93	98	107	105	100	112	123	130	128	124	119	118
Manufacturing of food products	C1	64	72	63	56	85	108	100	118	121	120	142	161	191	199
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	95	95	82	69	88	102	100	99	106	109	115	123	134	139
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	112	119	118	89	88	90	100	115	142	134	163	220	251	311
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	87	84	83	85	90	107	100	98	107	106	113	126	132	138
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	62	64	55	49	76	104	100	93	103	119	131	162	185	191
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	79	66	74	74	91	77	100	113	107	121	118	156	182	187
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	63	66	68	71	86	105	100	91	101	107	118	129	148	159
Other manufacturing	C8	70	53	69	58	60	94	100	121	117	145	164	194	229	265
Electricity	D	111	100	145	154	145	107	100	108	136	138	146	123	105	121
Water supply & waste management	E	114	111	108	104	96	102	100	97	99	100	112	127	129	124
Construction	F	102	101	104	112	120	132	100	117	152	170	165	153	136	124
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	60	64	74	74	92	100	100	106	108	108	112	110	110	117
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	59	60	63	83	96	101	100	102	108	110	115	122	139	134
Transport	H	82	86	87	96	110	107	100	103	104	104	107	107	99	97
Hotels & restaurants	I	64	62	54	54	72	99	100	102	107	116	134	143	153	151
Information & communication	J	95	85	107	97	96	88	100	99	101	111	105	105	105	107
Financial services	K	86	85	85	82	91	94	100	108	114	117	121	116	115	120
Real estate	L	81	81	80	79	81	86	100	112	125	127	131	136	142	149
Professional services	M	70	68	65	82	97	105	100	101	109	108	113	119	125	129
Administrative services	N	77	72	68	88	102	101	100	100	106	103	108	127	169	183
Public administration	O	85	86	86	87	98	101	100	102	115	116	115	115	114	129
Education	P	71	74	73	75	77	90	100	107	127	133	131	136	135	139
Health & social care	Q	97	95	93	92	101	102	100	96	97	105	120	128	134	139
Personal & community services	R,S,T	76	78	83	96	98	101	100	98	100	102	107	113	117	119

Table 3.4b

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

Implied deflators (chain-linked price indices)

Percentage changes (year on year)

Description		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices		-1.1%	0.9%	3.2%	7.6%	10.3%	0.2%	3.4%	7.4%	3.3%	1.1%	3.0%	0.9%	3.6%	
Taxes on products		-4%	-6%	5%	-1%	10%	-2%	3%	-6%	-4%	-4%	-9%	-3%	1%	
less Subsidies on products		50%	58%	7%	72%	-54%	35%	47%	-5%	-18%	32%	-46%	7%	7%	
Gross value added at basic prices		0.4%	3.6%	3.1%	11.7%	6.3%	1.4%	4.8%	8.8%	3.2%	2.8%	2.1%	1.5%	4.0%	
Agriculture & forestry	A1	1%	40%	19%	13%	-3%	2%	0%	9%	14%	-10%	2%	-22%	-10%	
Livestock & livestock products; fishing	A2	-4%	12%	26%	19%	6%	1%	-10%	16%	7%	-2%	1%	-11%	-1%	
Mining & quarrying	B	-1%	3%	6%	9%	-2%	-5%	12%	9%	6%	-2%	-3%	-4%	-1%	
Manufacturing of food products	C1	13%	-12%	-11%	52%	26%	-7%	18%	3%	-2%	19%	14%	18%	4%	
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing	C2	0%	-14%	-16%	28%	16%	-2%	-1%	7%	3%	5%	7%	9%	3%	
Textile & leather manufacturing	C3	6%	-1%	-25%	-1%	2%	11%	15%	23%	-5%	22%	35%	14%	24%	
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing	C4	-4%	-1%	3%	5%	20%	-7%	-2%	9%	-1%	7%	11%	5%	4%	
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing	C5	4%	-13%	-12%	55%	37%	-4%	-7%	11%	15%	11%	24%	14%	3%	
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing	C6	-17%	12%	1%	22%	-15%	30%	13%	-5%	12%	-2%	32%	16%	3%	
Metal products, machinery & equipment	C7	4%	4%	4%	21%	22%	-5%	-9%	12%	5%	11%	9%	14%	7%	
Other manufacturing	C8	-24%	30%	-17%	3%	58%	6%	21%	-3%	24%	13%	19%	18%	16%	
Electricity	D	-10%	45%	6%	-5%	-26%	-7%	8%	25%	2%	6%	-15%	-15%	15%	
Water supply & waste management	E	-2%	-3%	-4%	-8%	7%	-2%	-3%	2%	1%	12%	14%	1%	-3%	
Construction	F	-1%	2%	7%	7%	10%	-24%	17%	30%	12%	-3%	-7%	-12%	-8%	
Wholesale & retail trade	G1	7%	14%	1%	24%	8%	0%	6%	2%	0%	3%	-2%	0%	6%	
Vehicle maintenance & repair	G2	2%	5%	32%	16%	5%	-1%	2%	6%	1%	5%	6%	14%	-4%	
Transport	H	5%	1%	10%	15%	-3%	-6%	3%	1%	1%	3%	-1%	-7%	-3%	
Hotels & restaurants	I	-4%	-12%	-1%	33%	37%	2%	2%	5%	9%	15%	7%	7%	-2%	
Information & communication	J	-11%	26%	-9%	-1%	-8%	13%	-1%	3%	10%	-6%	0%	0%	2%	
Financial services	K	0%	-1%	-3%	10%	3%	7%	8%	6%	2%	3%	-4%	-1%	5%	
Real estate	L	0%	-1%	-1%	2%	7%	16%	12%	12%	1%	3%	3%	4%	5%	
Professional services	M	-2%	-5%	26%	19%	8%	-5%	1%	7%	0%	5%	5%	5%	3%	
Administrative services	N	-7%	-5%	30%	16%	-1%	-1%	0%	6%	-3%	4%	17%	33%	9%	
Public administration	O	1%	1%	1%	13%	2%	-1%	2%	13%	0%	0%	-1%	-1%	13%	
Education	P	5%	-2%	3%	3%	16%	11%	7%	19%	5%	-1%	4%	-1%	3%	
Health & social care	Q	-2%	-3%	-1%	10%	1%	-2%	-4%	1%	8%	15%	7%	5%	4%	
Personal & community services	R,S,T	4%	7%	15%	2%	4%	-1%	-2%	1%	3%	5%	5%	4%	1%	

Table 3.5

Gross domestic product GDP

By activity

At previous years' prices (Billions LBP)

For calculation only

Description	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross domestic product at market prices	32,753	32,947	36,343	40,965	48,491	57,781	58,449	62,057	68,424	71,983	73,109	76,545	77,669	
Taxes on products	4,489	4,221	4,577	5,772	6,762	7,834	7,294	8,104	7,787	7,595	7,592	7,396	7,482	
less Subsidies on products	-609	-884	-1,387	-1,579	-2,869	-1,370	-1,791	-2,558	-2,700	-2,289	-3,064	-1,712	-2,092	
Gross value added at basic prices	28,873	29,611	33,153	36,772	44,597	51,316	52,946	56,512	63,337	66,676	68,581	70,861	72,279	
Agriculture & forestry A1	653	717	970	1,044	1,233	1,315	1,482	1,448	1,536	2,012	1,468	1,579	1,410	
Livestock & livestock products; fishing A2	512	422	530	675	850	876	902	765	937	1,154	1,063	1,149	1,092	
Mining & quarrying B	136	151	179	200	256	268	271	291	349	351	315	317	298	
Manufacturing of food products C1	366	396	397	354	550	773	755	925	1,045	1,013	1,168	1,368	1,579	
Beverages & tobacco manufacturing C2	324	323	325	270	380	493	480	506	562	600	622	679	746	
Textile & leather manufacturing C3	168	179	210	173	177	171	184	200	265	235	262	312	310	
Wood & paper manufacturing; printing C4	272	261	283	325	339	450	389	374	438	415	413	442	442	
Chemicals, rubber & plastics manufacturing C5	200	225	233	233	286	426	422	377	416	475	498	545	656	
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing C6	344	210	306	342	492	409	548	614	604	624	511	646	699	
Metal products, machinery & equipment C7	589	734	943	1,069	1,175	1,534	1,495	1,374	1,573	1,451	1,582	1,438	1,574	
Other manufacturing C8	126	86	130	119	122	186	196	244	246	300	326	390	469	
Electricity D	706	566	853	944	993	690	729	816	1,015	1,021	1,091	975	831	
Water supply & waste management E	463	450	513	570	535	624	626	615	698	698	761	959	819	
Construction F	1,250	1,272	1,552	1,892	2,440	2,937	2,305	2,680	3,727	4,072	3,574	3,620	3,081	
Wholesale & retail trade G1	3,370	3,393	4,490	5,054	6,777	8,308	8,401	9,054	9,503	9,464	9,919	9,101	9,181	
Vehicle maintenance & repair G2	238	255	281	391	502	582	609	618	658	669	708	757	858	
Transport H	1,052	1,092	1,189	1,485	1,935	1,999	1,816	1,951	2,158	2,309	2,593	2,731	2,617	
Hotels & restaurants I	736	713	631	747	1,149	1,699	1,659	1,643	1,646	1,732	2,037	2,121	2,468	
Information & communication J	893	832	1,175	1,225	1,444	1,478	1,624	1,666	1,796	2,073	2,107	2,080	2,158	
Financial services K	2,201	2,593	2,771	2,929	3,422	3,946	4,087	4,549	5,028	5,291	6,038	6,833	6,353	
Real estate L	5,034	5,160	5,322	5,613	5,855	6,412	7,396	8,319	9,872	10,404	10,450	11,211	11,818	
Professional services M	1,107	1,140	1,044	1,420	2,003	2,573	2,595	2,846	2,936	2,980	3,014	3,005	3,199	
Administrative services N	719	680	663	959	1,277	1,418	1,461	1,613	1,650	1,569	1,500	1,439	1,884	
Public administration O	3,240	3,438	3,693	3,811	4,849	5,058	5,439	5,912	6,517	6,816	7,012	6,934	6,972	
Education P	2,254	2,386	2,386	2,470	2,513	2,976	3,422	3,510	4,423	5,051	5,200	5,523	5,441	
Health & social care Q	1,066	1,065	1,117	1,114	1,403	1,625	1,722	1,745	1,984	2,044	2,408	2,619	2,770	
Personal & community services R,S,T	855	869	968	1,344	1,643	2,090	1,931	1,856	1,757	1,854	1,942	2,090	2,554	

Banks

Billions of Lebanese Pounds

Description	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
PRODUCTION ACCOUNT															
Resources															
FISIM	P1f	1,701	1,885	2,309	2,424	2,945	3,083	3,722	3,792	4,094	4,385	4,602	4,936	5,234	5,859
Interest received	P1f1	6,533	6,686	7,722	8,810	8,992	9,985	11,163	11,333	12,345	13,077	14,179	16,176	16,529	18,741
Interest paid	P1f2	-4,832	-4,801	-5,413	-6,386	-6,046	-6,902	-7,441	-7,541	-8,252	-8,693	-9,577	-11,240	-11,295	-12,882
Other output	P1z	511	525	582	682	827	932	1,018	1,069	1,158	1,209	1,323	1,338	2,252	1,494
Output	P1	2,211	2,410	2,891	3,106	3,773	4,015	4,740	4,862	5,252	5,594	5,925	6,275	7,486	7,352
Uses															
Intermediate consumption	P2	890	729	798	874	1,054	1,118	1,280	1,337	1,513	1,535	1,657	1,780	2,873	1,918
Gross Value Added (GVA)	B1g	1,322	1,681	2,092	2,232	2,718	2,897	3,460	3,525	3,738	4,058	4,268	4,494	4,613	5,435
GENERATION OF INCOME ACCOUNT															
Resources															
Gross Value Added (GVA)	B1g	1,322	1,681	2,092	2,232	2,718	2,897	3,460	3,525	3,738	4,058	4,268	4,494	4,613	5,435
Uses															
Compensation of employees	D1	772	778	874	948	1,138	1,239	1,409	1,521	1,723	1,806	1,972	2,106	2,242	2,289
Other taxes on production	D29	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Operating surplus, gross	B2g	550	903	1,219	1,284	1,580	1,658	2,051	2,003	2,016	2,252	2,295	2,388	2,371	3,146
ALLOCATION OF PRIMARY INCOME ACCOUNT															
Resources															
Operating surplus, gross	B2g	550	903	1,219	1,284	1,580	1,658	2,051	2,003	2,016	2,252	2,295	2,388	2,371	3,146
Property income, received	D4	6,393	6,400	7,391	8,373	8,480	9,285	10,379	10,242	11,530	11,988	13,541	15,490	17,357	18,379
Interest received	D41	5,971	5,974	7,000	7,880	7,941	8,528	9,265	9,203	10,234	10,823	12,189	13,810	14,355	16,657
Other property income recvd	D42	422	425	391	493	539	757	1,114	1,039	1,296	1,165	1,352	1,680	3,003	1,723
Total resources = total uses		6,943	7,303	8,609	9,657	10,061	10,943	12,429	12,245	13,545	14,240	15,836	17,878	19,729	21,525
Uses															
Property income, paid	D4	5,971	5,974	7,000	7,880	7,941	8,528	9,265	9,203	10,234	10,823	12,189	13,810	14,355	16,657
Interest paid	D41	5,971	5,974	7,000	7,880	7,941	8,528	9,265	9,203	10,234	10,823	12,189	13,810	14,355	16,657
Dividends etc paid	D42	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Balance of primary incomes, gross	B5g	971	1,328	1,610	1,777	2,120	2,415	3,164	3,042	3,311	3,417	3,647	4,068	5,374	4,869
SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME ACCOUNT															
Resources															
Balance of primary incomes, gross	B5g	971	1,328	1,610	1,777	2,120	2,415	3,164	3,042	3,311	3,417	3,647	4,068	5,374	4,869
Uses															
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	D5	123	151	206	224	281	316	417	442	419	462	488	531	887	599
Miscellaneous current transfers	D75	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Gross disposable income	B6g	848	1,178	1,403	1,553	1,838	2,099	2,747	2,600	2,893	2,954	3,159	3,537	4,487	4,269
= Gross saving	B8g=														
CAPITAL ACCOUNT															
Resources															
Gross saving	B8g	848	1,178	1,403	1,553	1,838	2,099	2,747	2,600	2,893	2,954	3,159	3,537	4,487	4,269
Uses															
GFCF	P51	551	514	-71	267	552	329	699	1,038	633	606	781	1,166	830	1,455
Net lending/(borrowing)	B9	298	664	1,474	1,286	1,287	1,771	2,048	1,562	2,259	2,348	2,378	2,371	3,657	2,815
FINANCIAL ACCOUNT															
Resources															
Net lending/(borrowing)	B9f	298	664	1,474	1,286	1,287	1,771	2,048	1,562	2,259	2,348	2,378	2,371	3,657	2,815
Net incurrence of financial liabilities															
FL	FL	12,601	930	7,310	10,884	17,992	31,687	18,507	13,677	14,665	17,253	14,368	13,430	23,802	20,811
Deposits	F22	12,025	3,315	6,073	11,355	17,907	29,240	17,695	14,117	14,882	15,946	14,451	12,483	16,330	11,839
Deposits of residents	F221	7,851	4,013	5,247	9,157	14,635	21,155	14,963	7,950	10,491	10,666	10,464	9,069	13,557	8,226
Deposits of non residents	F222	4,174	-698	826	2,199	3,272	8,085	2,732	6,167	4,391	5,280	3,987	3,415	2,773	3,613
Shares (less dividends paid)	F5x	146	-108	1,348	-466	-366	-214	-399	71	817	51	-23	-1,214	-888	-1,868
Other accounts payable	F8	430	-2,278	-111	-5	451	2,661	1,211	-511	-1,034	1,255	-60	2,161	8,359	10,840
Uses															
Net acquisition of financial assets	FA	12,899	1,593	8,785	12,170	19,279	33,458	20,555	15,239	16,925	19,601	16,745	15,801	27,459	23,626
Currencies and deposits	F2	7,621	723	2,807	7,252	7,391	22,971	10,825	8,796	8,878	4,034	10,084	10,800	26,936	22,051
Currency	F21	10	4	0	61	62	23	29	17	33	150	31	86	0	81
Deposits	F22	7,611	719	2,807	7,191	7,329	22,949	10,796	8,779	8,845	3,883	10,053	10,714	26,936	21,970
Deposits with Lebanese banks	F221	2,117	1,157	-1,946	717	9,715	16,085	7,710	9,126	7,834	3,193	13,720	11,315	27,982	21,215
Deposits with foreign banks	F222	5,494	-439	4,754	6,474	-2,386	6,864	3,086	-348	1,011	690	-3,667	-600	-1,046	755
Debt securities	F3	3,150	2,541	4,496	1,231	5,890	5,498	381	-137	2,875	9,855	-477	675	-4,639	-4,181
Loans	F4	2,138	-1,558	1,583	3,622	6,036	5,069	9,318	5,750	5,974	5,550	6,859	4,416	5,152	5,769
Other accounts receivable	F8	-10	-112	-103	65	-38	-80	32	831	-803	163	280	-90	11	-13

Source: Banque du Liban, classified to SNA categories by CAS

Table 5.2

General Government

S13a

Billions of Lebanese Pounds

Description		2,006	2,007	2,008	2,009	2,010	2,011	2,012	2,013	2,014	2,015	2,016	2,017
PRODUCTION ACCOUNT													
Resources													
Output	P1	4,989	5,327	6,072	7,108	7,288	7,792	9,317	9,363	9,527	9,678	10,079	10,978
Sales of non-market output	P11	163	186	186	219	206	232	262	245	297	266	262	448
Non-market output (not sold)	P13	4,827	5,141	5,887	6,889	7,082	7,560	9,055	9,118	9,231	9,412	9,817	10,530
Uses													
Intermediate consumption	P2	792	813	1,076	1,154	1,193	1,246	1,287	1,568	1,492	1,358	1,776	1,652
Gross Value Added (GVA)	B1g	4,197	4,515	4,997	5,953	6,094	6,546	8,030	7,795	8,035	8,319	8,303	9,325
GENERATION OF INCOME ACCOUNT													
Resources													
Gross Value Added (GVA)	B1g	4,197	4,515	4,997	5,953	6,094	6,546	8,030	7,795	8,035	8,319	8,303	9,325
Uses													
Compensation of employees	D1	3,521	3,775	4,177	5,145	5,299	5,674	7,123	6,836	7,087	7,411	7,423	8,415
Operating surplus, gross	B2g	677	739	820	809	796	871	907	959	949	908	880	911
Consumption of fixed capital	P51c	677	739	820	809	796	871	907	959	949	908	880	911
ALLOCATION OF PRIMARY INCOME ACCOUNT													
Resources													
Operating surplus, gross	B2g	677	739	820	809	796	871	907	959	949	908	880	911
Taxes on production and imports, received	D2	4,476	5,319	6,371	8,136	7,515	8,558	8,582	8,342	9,209	7,850	8,017	8,713
Taxes on products	D21	3,959	4,794	5,707	7,405	6,716	7,682	7,605	7,476	8,260	6,944	7,162	7,557
Value added tax (VAT)	D211	1,523	1,803	2,278	2,563	2,809	3,105	3,037	2,995	3,027	2,854	2,965	3,252
Taxes and duties on imports excl. VAT	D212	465	565	691	774	817	787	805	825	766	718	712	749
Other taxes on products	D214	1,971	2,426	2,738	4,068	3,090	3,790	3,763	3,656	4,467	3,372	3,485	3,556
Other taxes on production	D29	517	525	664	731	799	876	977	866	949	906	855	1,156
less Subsidies, paid	-D3	-1,471	-1,529	-2,847	-1,401	-2,004	-2,793	-3,576	-3,220	-3,274	-1,783	-1,425	-2,115
Subsidies on products	-D31	-1,393	-1,483	-2,710	-1,310	-1,850	-2,849	-2,440	-2,211	-3,017	-1,659	-1,827	-2,239
Other subsidies on production	-D39	-78	-46	-137	-91	-154	-167	-168	-164	-117	-72	-28	-113
Interest received	D41	424	533	454	709	574	634	667	664	811	840	868	1,053
Total resources = total uses		4,106	5,063	4,798	8,254	6,881	7,271	6,579	6,745	7,694	7,815	8,340	8,561
Uses													
Interest paid	D41	4,338	4,695	4,957	5,784	5,893	5,655	5,457	5,714	6,314	6,722	7,185	7,521
Balance of primary incomes, gross	B5g	-232	368	-159	2,470	988	1,616	1,122	1,031	1,380	1,093	1,155	1,040
SECONDARY DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME ACCOUNT													
Resources													
Balance of primary incomes, gross	B5g	-232	368	-159	2,470	988	1,616	1,122	1,031	1,380	1,093	1,155	1,040
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	D5	2,188	2,405	3,082	3,534	4,077	4,455	4,542	4,578	5,728	5,187	5,365	6,850
Income taxes	D51	1,184	1,308	1,564	1,839	2,050	2,423	2,516	2,502	2,795	2,887	3,015	4,201
Other direct taxes	D59	1,004	1,097	1,518	1,695	2,027	2,032	2,026	2,076	2,933	2,300	2,350	2,649
Social contributions	D61	1,843	1,956	2,148	2,618	2,755	2,873	3,544	3,738	3,808	3,924	4,105	4,320
Current transfers within government	D73	863	1,066	1,045	1,663	1,193	1,012	1,584	1,445	1,462	1,263	1,484	1,455
Miscellaneous current transfers	D75	285	298	328	336	363	374	383	412	435	596	626	626
Total resources = total uses		4,947	6,092	6,444	10,620	9,375	10,330	11,175	11,204	12,813	12,062	12,735	14,292
Uses													
Social benefits	D62	1,948	2,032	2,165	2,527	2,710	2,772	3,433	3,520	3,961	4,178	4,577	4,792
Current transfers within government	D73	927	934	982	1,188	1,400	934	1,563	1,523	1,435	1,515	2,348	1,299
International corporation	D74	14	6	57	42	66	27	18	88	20	0	0	0
Miscellaneous current transfers	D75	148	141	194	203	166	234	226	338	356	395	629	542
Gross disposable income	B6g	1,910	2,979	3,046	6,660	5,033	6,362	5,935	5,736	7,041	5,975	5,181	7,660
USE OF INCOME ACCOUNT													
Resources													
Gross disposable income	B6g	1,910	2,979	3,046	6,660	5,033	6,362	5,935	5,736	7,041	5,975	5,181	7,660
Uses													
Final consumption expenditure	P3	4,827	5,141	5,887	6,889	7,082	7,560	9,055	9,118	9,231	9,412	9,817	10,530
Gross saving	B8g	-2,970	-2,228	-2,911	-329	-2,132	-1,300	-3,247	-3,490	-2,345	-3,567	-4,778	-3,176
CAPITAL ACCOUNT													
Resources													
Gross saving	B8g	-2,970	-2,228	-2,911	-329	-2,132	-1,300	-3,247	-3,490	-2,345	-3,567	-4,778	-3,176
Capital transfers received	D9	533	619	436	504	182	158	384	321	219	232	551	403
Total resources = total uses		-2,399	-1,590	-2,484	201	-1,951	-1,073	-2,886	-3,175	-2,183	-3,352	-4,243	-2,790
Uses													
Capital transfers paid	D9	454	419	367	371	394	288	314	371	399	387	442	649
GFCF	P51	933	882	849	833	943	832	1,109	1,128	703	909	1,591	1,238
Net lending/(borrowing)	B9	-3,823	-2,910	-3,692	-1,028	-3,287	-2,262	-4,285	-4,668	-3,227	-4,631	-6,260	-4,659

Lebanese Republic

Presidency of the Council of Ministers

Central Administration for Statistics

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